

The Spherical Harmonics and angular momentum operators

$$\frac{-\hbar^2 \nabla^2}{2m} \Psi + V(r) \Psi = E \Psi \quad \text{Schrodinger Eqn}$$

↑ ↑ ↑
Kinetic Potential Total
energy energy energy

$$\frac{-\hbar^2 \nabla^2}{2m} \Psi + V(r) \Psi = E \Psi$$



$$\Psi = R(r)Y(\theta, \phi)$$

Schrodinger Eqn

separation ansatz

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Schrodinger Eqn

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separation ansatz

$$\nabla^2$$

$$\left\{ \frac{1}{R} \frac{d}{dr} \left(r^2 \frac{dR}{dr} \right) - \frac{2mr^2}{\hbar^2} [V(r) - E] \right\} = -\frac{1}{Y} \left\{ \frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial Y}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial \phi^2} \right\}$$

||

$$l(l+1)$$

||

both sides
constant

$$l(l+1)$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial Y}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial \phi^2} = -l(l+1)Y$$

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Schrodinger Eqn

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separation ansatz

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angular equation

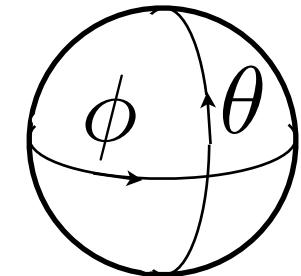
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Schrodinger Eqn

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spherical harmonics

$$Y_l^m = \epsilon \sqrt{\frac{(2l+1)(l-|m|)!}{4\pi(l+|m|)!}} e^{im\phi} P_l^m(\cos \theta)$$

Condon-Shortley
phase

$$\begin{aligned} \epsilon &= (-1)^m & m \geq 0 \\ \epsilon &= 1 & m < 0 \end{aligned}$$

orthonormal

$$\langle Y_l^m | Y_{l'}^{m'} \rangle = \delta_{ll'} \delta_{mm'}$$

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spherical harmonics

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$$\hat{L}^2 Y = \hbar^2 l(l+1)Y \quad \text{eigenvalue equation}$$

angular momentum operator
written in spherical coordinates
(section 4.3.2)

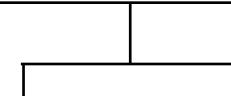
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spherical harmonics

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angular momentum operator
written in spherical coordinates



$$\hat{L}^2 Y = \hbar^2 l(l+1)Y \quad \text{eigenvalue equation}$$

also...

$$\frac{\hbar}{i} \frac{\partial}{\partial\phi} Y = \hbar m Y$$

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spherical harmonics

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angular momentum operator
written in spherical coordinates

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$$\frac{\hbar}{i} \frac{\partial}{\partial\phi} Y = \hbar m Y$$

$$\hat{L}_z Y = \hbar m Y$$

eigenvalue equation

Lz operator written in
spherical coordinates

$$Y_l^m = \epsilon \sqrt{\frac{(2l+1)(l-|m|)!}{4\pi(l+|m|)!}} e^{im\phi} P_l^m(\cos\theta)$$

spherical harmonics

$$\frac{1}{\sin\theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial\theta} \left(\sin\theta \frac{\partial Y}{\partial\theta} \right) + \frac{1}{\sin^2\theta} \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial\phi^2} = -l(l+1)Y \quad \text{angular equation}$$

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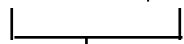
angular momentum operator
written in spherical coordinates

$$\hat{L}^2 Y = \hbar^2 l(l+1)Y$$

eigenvalue equation

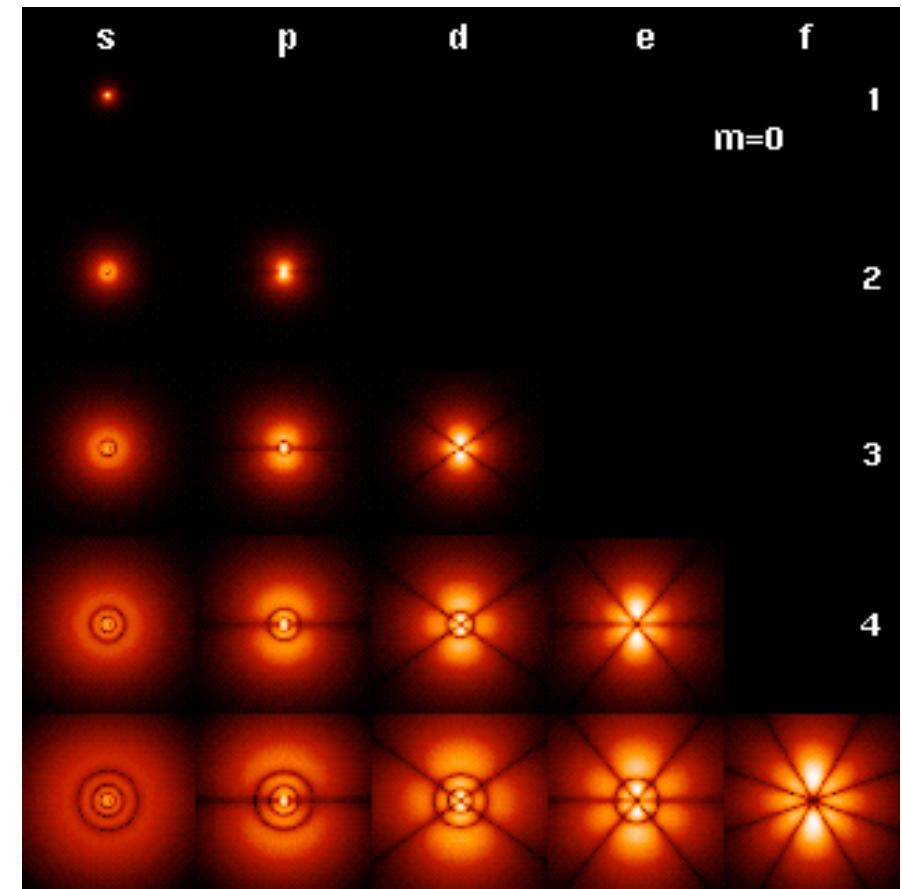
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$$\frac{\hbar}{i} \frac{\partial}{\partial\phi} Y = \hbar m Y$$



$$\hat{L}_z Y = \hbar m Y$$

Amazing! The beautiful
spherical harmonics (Y) are
eigenfunctions of L and L_z !

$\psi_{nlm} = R(r) Y(\theta, \phi)$ hydrogen wave functions

$$\psi_{nlm} = R(r) Y(\theta, \phi) \quad \text{hydrogen wave functions}$$

$$\hat{L}^2 \psi_{nlm} = \hbar^2 l(l+1) \psi_{nlm}$$

$$\hat{L}_z \psi_{nlm} = \hbar m \psi_{nlm}$$

$$\hat{H} \psi_{nlm} = E_n \psi_{nlm}$$

$$E_n = \frac{E_1}{n^2}$$

simultaneous eigenfunctions
of \mathbf{L} , \mathbf{L}_z , and \mathbf{H} .

