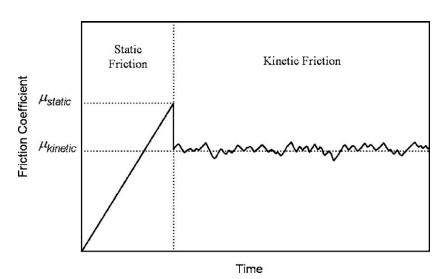


Slipping, Sliding, and Scaling: The Science of Friction and Inclined Planes

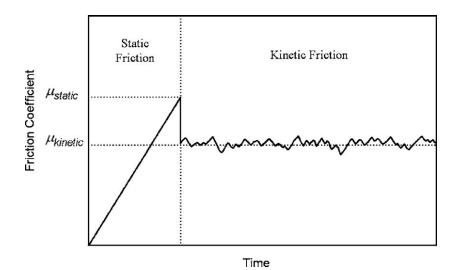
Learning Goals

- Find examples of friction in everyday life
- Use what we already know about friction to understand new situations
- Build intuition about what affects how much friction there is



Static friction is an inequality; coefficient μ_s is not a constant

$$F_s \le \mu_s F_N$$

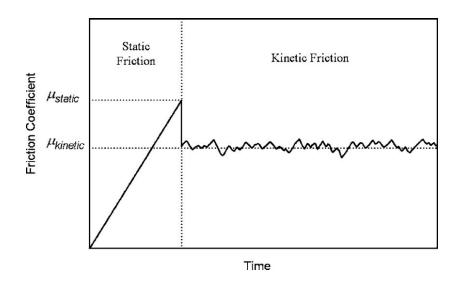


Static friction is an inequality; coefficient μ_s is not a constant

$$F_s \le \mu_s F_N$$

Kinetic friction is always smaller than maximum static friction

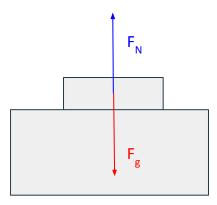
$$F_k = \mu_k F_N$$

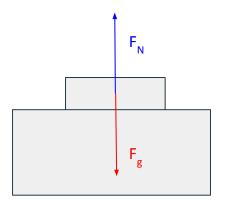


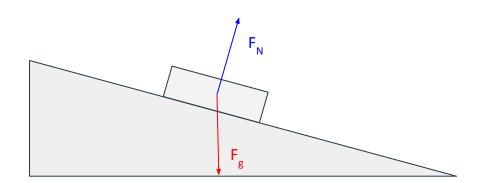


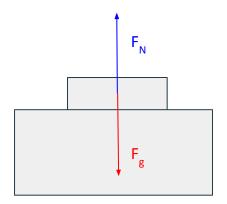


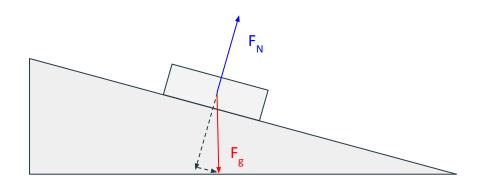
Why would increasing the angle of the ramp cause the block to slide?



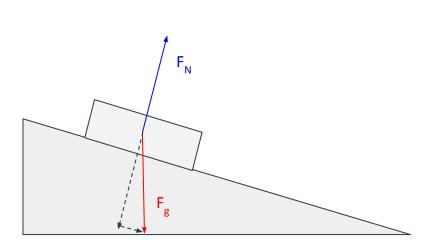


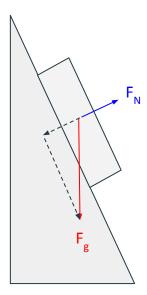






Greater Angle, Less Normal Force





Let's Race!

	Block	Track
A	Rubber	Wood
В	Plastic	Carpet
С	Plastic	Rubber
D	Carpet	Cork

Now What If We Wet the Materials...?

Now What If We Wet the Materials...?

Once we wet the material, we **change its properties**—including the coefficient of friction between it and another surface!



Let's Get Down to Business 77 77

How we can find the coefficient of friction between two surfaces?

Our Toolkit:

- Free Body Diagrams <3
- Newton's 2nd Law of Motion (F_{net} = ma)
- Trigonometry

Let's Get Down to Business 77 77

How we can find the coefficient of friction between two surfaces?

Our Toolkit:

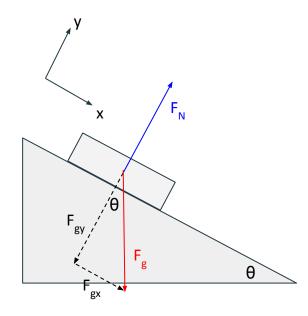
- Free Body Diagrams <3
- Newton's 2nd Law of Motion (F_{net} = ma)
- Trigonometry

The easiest way to do this is to find the angle where acceleration is zero...

A Useful Trick

We can **redefine our axes**!

And that means we must break some of our forces down into x and y components...



There are other types of friction!

But unfortunately we are out of time...

Thanks for your attention!