Imagine Day 2025: Physics & Astronomy



An Introduction for Students to our Department faculty and staff, programs and courses.



Imagine Day – Physics and Astronomy

Schedule:

11:00 Introductions & Welcome

- General Program Information
- honours, Majors, Minors Carl Michal
- Astronomy program Aaron Boley
- Biophysics Program Carl Michal
- Co-op Javed Iqbal
- Student Organizations/Initiatives:
 - CCUWiP 2025 Airene and Jenny
 - Physsoc Aakesh and Michael
 - WIPA Marusia
 - Astro Club Jaaron
 - Biophysics and Medical Physics Elys & Isabella

1:30 Graduation and Beyond – Carl Michal

- Graduation requirements
- Getting into research
- Career options/Graduate School
- Grad School planning

~1:50 Student led Q&A



12:30 PHAS Equity, Diversity & Inclusion Committee – Jess McIver Research In Physics & Astronomy

- Atomic, Molecular, and Optical Physics Valery Milner
- Astronomy/Astrophysics Aaron Boley
- Condensed Matter Physics & Quantum Information Marcel Franz
- Particle Physics Janis McKenna
- Bio & Medical Physics Steve Plotkin
- Gravity & Strings Moshe Rozali



Introductions:

Jeremy Heyl - department head

Undergraduate chair: Carl Michal

1st -year advisor: Michael Hasinoff

2nd -year advisor: Ziliang Ye

3rd- and 4th-year advisor: Kristin Schleich

Astronomy advisor: Aaron Boley

Biophysics Advisor: Sabrina Leslie

Combined Major in Science: any PHAS Advisor

Communications coordinator: Kirsty Dickson

Program coordinator: Shawn Salgadoe ugcoord@phas.ubc.ca - next slide

All of us are here to offer advice, help with any program/course issues.



Shawn Salgadoe Undergraduate Program Coordinator

Office: Hennings 329A

Office Hours: 8:30-4:30

Phone: 604-822-3026

Email: ugcoord@phas.ubc.ca

- General program inquiries
- PHYS & ASTR course registration issues
- Specialization applications and specialization changes
- USRA applications and other summer research opportunity enquiries
- Liaison between department, student clubs and students: student events mailing, etc.
- PLEASE: always include your student number in your emails to the department (in the Subject line is best!)



2nd Year: Gateway to PHAS programs

2nd Year – gateway to PHAS programs

In 2nd year, you entered one of our Programs:

- ★ Honours Physics, Honours Physics & Astronomy
- **★**Major Physics, Major Astronomy
- ★ Combined Honours/Major Physics plus another Science
- ★Dual Degree Program BSc (Physics) & BEd (Secondary)

BSc (Physics) & B Arts

BSc (Physics) & B Music

★You may be in another program doing a Minor in Physics

Or in 3rd year, you may enter:

Combined Major in Science & choose a Phys and Astro "package"

Graduation Requirements

You are responsible for knowing your graduation requirements. Consult UBC Calendar:

www.calendar.ubc.ca/vancouver

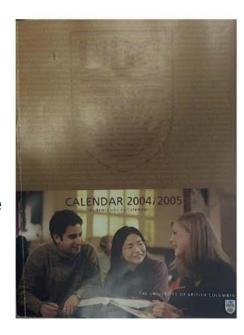
You must follow all of the requirements from one year of the calendar (normally your 2nd year – when you entered the program



*No matter what you see on phas.ubc.ca (which we to try to keep up to date) or anywhere else on the web, the <u>UBC calendar is 'the rule book'</u> and defines what is required to get a degree from UBC.

In the calendar, see: "Faculties, Colleges, and Schools" -> Science

- BSc requirements for Faculty of Science rules & Requirements
- "Physics" or "Astronomy" for specific program requirements.



Graduation Requirements

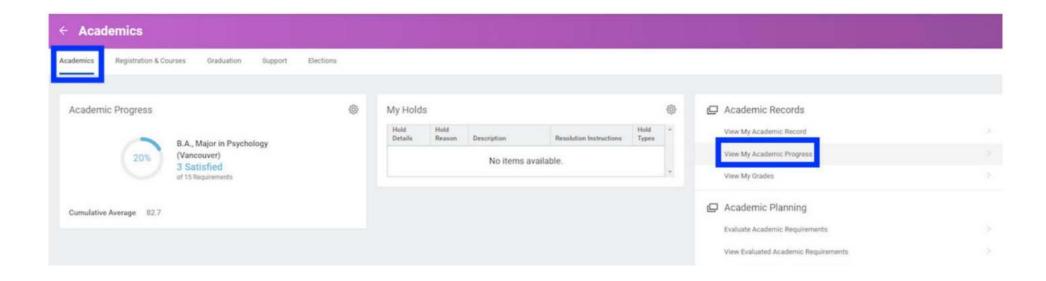
You are responsible for knowing your graduation requirements. Consult UBC Calendar:

www.calendar.ubc.ca/vancouver

Google "UBC calendar Physics" or "UBC calendar Astronomy"

Arts Electives, Science Electives, Science Breadth Requirement, Communication/English requirements are all necessary to graduate.

Use "Academic Progress" in Workday to help you check that you're meeting your program requirements. At end of 3rd year get a "Graduation Check" from Science Advising, and/or our PHAS Undergraduate Co-ordinator



BSc Graduation Requirements

Summary of Program Requirements Science

| 2 | 9 | | Colollo | 9 | | | | |
|--|---|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| | Major, Combined Major, or General Science | Major+Minor in Science | Major+Major (Science) | Honours or Combined Honours | Honours+Mind in Science | OF () | | |
| Minimum Total Credits | 120 | 120 | 120 | 132 | 132 | | | |
| of which courses 300+ | 48 | 48 | 60 | 48 | 60 | Λ | II Majara DCar | 100 aradita |
| Minimum Total Science Credits | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | A | ll Majors BSc: | 120 credits |
| of which courses 300+ | 30 | 42 | 54 | 42 | 54 | A | II Honours BSc: | 132 credits |
| Minimum Total Arts Credits | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | | | |
| Maximum Credits that can be double counted | | 6 | 6 | - | 6 | | | |
| Maximum credits not in Science or Arts | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | | | |

Science Breadth requirement Majors, Honours: 3 cr from 6 of the 7 Science Categories Combined Majors, Combined Honours: 3 cr from 5 of the 7 Science Categories

Categories: MATH, PHYS, CHEM, CPSC, (STAT/DSCI)*, BIOL*, (EOSC/ASTR/ATSC,GEOB,ENVR)*

^{*} some special cases/exceptions, see

Honours

For those considering a career in research and/or continuing to graduate school.

Honours degrees require a 6 credit Honours thesis.

- Honours Physics
- Honours Biophysics
- Honours Physics and Astronomy
- Honours Physics and Mathematics
- Honours Computer Science and Physics
- Honours Chemical Physics
- Honours Physics and another Science Subject

(We can help you formulate and get approval for a program which meets all Honours requirements, Faculty of Science requirements and UBC graduation requirements)

All Honours Science Degrees:

- Must take at least 27 credits Sept-April (or 12 credits/term if co-op)
- Must maintain average >68% each academic session
- Must not fail any courses. (exceptions may be possible via appeal)

Major Degrees

- **★**For those intending to enter career in science/technology, education, science-related.
- ★MAJOR is NOT the recommended stream for graduate studies, although Majors who take ALL the core senior honours physics courses + have research experience have been accepted to graduate schools.
- **★**Offers more flexibility than Honours (more electives)
- ★Fewer total credits (120 in Major, 132 in Honours)
- ★ "Easy" to fit in a Minor (Minor could be in Arts, Commerce, Science, + more)
 - Major Physics
 - Major Astronomy
 - Combined Major Physics and Computer Science
 - Combined Major Physics and Oceanography
 - Double Major in Science and Arts

Dual Degree

- **★**For those intending to add a second specialization outside of Science.
- ★NOT the recommended stream for graduate studies, although students who take all core senior honours physics courses may be accepted to graduate schools.
 - Dual Degree Science and Arts BSc (Physics) & BA
 - •Dual Degree Science and Music BSc (Physics) & BMus
 - Dual Degree Science and Education5 year program:

Dual Degree Program: BSc (Physics) BEd (Secondary)
Graduate with qualifications/certification to accept teaching position

Combined Major in Science

http://cms.science.ubc.ca/

- ★Broad-based Science education
- ★Maximum flexibility, allows for large breadth
- ★ Choose 3 CMS "packages" or specializations
- **★NOT** for those planning for graduate studies in Physics/ Astronomy

Physics and Astronomy CMS Package

1. Physics Option

Prerequisites: MATH 200; PHYS 117 (or 101 or 107); PHYS 118/119 (or 102 or 108/109); PHYS 200. PHYS 219, 229 and MATH 215 recommended

Package Courses: 3 credits of PHYS numbered 300 or higher (except: PHYS 348) and 6 credits PHYS or ASTR courses numbered 300 or higher (except: PHYS 348).

Recommended Courses: PHYS 301, 304, 305, 309, 312, 314, 315, 318, 319, 330, 333, 404, 405, 420

2. Astronomy Option

Prerequisites: (MATH 200, MATH 317) or MATH 217; MATH 215; PHYS 117 (or PHYS 101 or PHYS 107); PHYS 118 (or PHYS 102 or PHYS 108); PHYS 200; PHYS 203; PHYS 216. PHYS 210, ASTR 200, and ASTR 205 recommended

Package Courses: 6 credits from ASTR 300, 333, 403, 406, 407 and 3 credits of PHYS numbered 300 or higher

Other "Packages":

Chemistry, Earth/Environmental Science, Life Science, Mathematical Science

Minor (outside Physics/Astronomy)

- ★Pick up a second specialization
- ★Relatively easy to add a Minor to a Major Physics or Major Astronomy due to more flexibility in Majors program and courses
- ★With planning: add a Minor to Honours Physics
- ★Not much "elective room" to add a minor to Combined Honours or Combined Majors program – but it has been done.
 - Minor in another Science
 - •Minor in any Arts subject (Economics, Philosophy, a language, often seen in PHAS, but any Arts minor possible)
 - Minor in Commerce
 - Minor in Human Kinetics
 - Minor in Land and Food Systems

Typically need 18 upper level (300- 400-level) credits
Some Arts Minors require 30 credits, 18 of which must be upper level.
To apply for Minor: download forms from Faculty Science website.

Imagine 2nd year - Physics & Astronomy

Astronomy

- One of the oldest sciences
- The foundation for studying the universe
- Critical to space exploration
- Provides opportunities to test fundamental physical laws
- Fully integrated into society

Astronomy specializations at UBC

(See: https://phas.ubc.ca/undergrad-degree-programs)

Astronomy Major

Career options include: technical support personnel at domestic and international observatories, astronomy educators, and outreach experts at science centres and planetaria. The diverse skills acquired in this specialization are attractive to non-academic employers – space industry, Earth obs., etc.

Combined Honours Physics and Astronomy

Intended for students who want to go on to graduate studies in Astronomy and Astrophysics (or other areas of Physics, depending on upper-level electives). A Ph.D. is generally a requirement to be a scientist at a research institute or observatory, or to be a professor at a university.

Also available: Co-op, Minor, CMS

| Course # | Name | MAJ | HON |
|----------|---|-------------------|-------|
| ASTR 101 | Intro to the Solar System | | |
| ASTR 102 | Stars, galaxies, cosmology | | |
| ASTR 200 | Frontiers of Astrophysics | X | X |
| ASTR 205 | Stars and Stellar Populations | X | X |
| ASTR 300 | Galaxies | X | X |
| ASTR 333 | Exoplanets and Astrobiology | | |
| ASTR 403 | Cosmology | | Rcmnd |
| ASTR 404 | Astronomical & Astrophysical Measurements | X | X |
| ASTR 405 | Astronomical Lab | X | X |
| ASTR 406 | High-Energy Astrophysics | X (or 407) | X |
| ASTR 407 | Planetary Science | X (or 406) | X |
| PHYS 449 | Directed Research in Astronomy | | X |

| Course # | Name | MAJ | HON |
|----------|---|------------------------------|----------|
| ASTR 101 | Intro to the Solar System | _ | |
| ASTR 102 | Stars, galaxies, cosmology | J <mark>seful but not</mark> | required |
| ASTR 200 | Frontiers of Astrophysics | X | X |
| ASTR 205 | Stars and Stellar Populations | X | X |
| ASTR 300 | Galaxies | X | X |
| ASTR 333 | Exoplanets and Astrobiology | | |
| ASTR 403 | Cosmology | | Rcmnd |
| ASTR 404 | Astronomical & Astrophysical Measurements | X | X |
| ASTR 405 | Astronomical Lab | X | X |
| ASTR 406 | High-Energy Astrophysics | X (or 407) | X |
| ASTR 407 | Planetary Science | X (or 406) | X |
| PHYS 449 | Directed Research in Astronomy | | X |

| Course # | Name | MAJ | HON |
|----------|---|-------------------|-----------|
| ASTR 101 | Intro to the Solar System | | |
| ASTR 102 | Stars, galaxies, cosmology | Useful but not | required |
| ASTR 200 | Frontiers of Astrophysics | Olari Carani | V |
| ASTR 205 | Stars and Stellar Populations | Start of speci | alization |
| ASTR 300 | Galaxies | X | X |
| ASTR 333 | Exoplanets and Astrobiology | | |
| ASTR 403 | Cosmology | | Rcmnd |
| ASTR 404 | Astronomical & Astrophysical Measurements | Х | X |
| ASTR 405 | Astronomical Lab | X | X |
| ASTR 406 | High-Energy Astrophysics | X (or 407) | X |
| ASTR 407 | Planetary Science | X (or 406) | X |
| PHYS 449 | Directed Research in Astronomy | | X |

| Course # | Name | MAJ | HON |
|----------|---|-------------------|----------|
| ASTR 101 | Intro to the Solar System | | |
| ASTR 102 | Stars, galaxies, cosmology | Useful but not | required |
| ASTR 200 | Frontiers of Astrophysics | Ctart of an aci | V |
| ASTR 205 | Stars and Stellar Populations | Start of speci | A |
| ASTR 300 | Galaxies | X | X |
| ASTR 333 | Exoplanets and Astrobiology | | |
| ASTR 403 | Cosmology | | Rcmnd |
| ASTR 404 | Astronomical & Astrophysical Measurements | X | X |
| ASTR 405 | Astronomical Lab | X | X |
| ASTR 406 | High-Energy Astrophysics | X (or 407) | X |
| ASTR 407 | Planetary Science | X (or 406) | X |
| PHYS 449 | Directed Research in Astronomy (Thesis) | PHYS/ ASTR 349 | X |

Notes regarding 349 and 449

- PHYS 449 (for astro, too)
 - Reserved for Combined Honours Students.
 - In special cases, majors students are allowed into 449, but this is usually by request from the supervisor
 - Thesis class. 6 credits. Two terms
- ASTR 349/PHYS 349
 - As a department policy, this course is used for masters students to mirror PHYS 449.
 - Take part in the full course
 - Thesis class. 3 credits. Two terms

Students are not allowed to take both PHYS 449 and ASTR/PHYS 349 as "extra thesis"

Astronomy Opportunities at UBC

- Wide range of research topics (discussed later)
- A 0.5 metre optical telescope in Chile for student training and research (Thunderbird South) – Look out for announcements about the operators
- A Small Radio Telescope on the roof of Hebb for student training
- Many opportunities to get involved with using different facilities in Canada and throughout the world!
 - LIGO
 - CHIME
 - Green BankTelescope
 - ALMA
 - CFHT
 - Gemini

- Hubble
- JWST
- Euclid
- Chandra
- Eventually Square Kilometre
 Array and a very large optical telescope
- Supercomputing facilities, too!



Thunderbird
South image of the Pillars of Creation

Sean Heakes & Chantal Hemmann

Astronomy Career Information

- https://casca.ca/?page_id=93
- https://aas.org/learn/careers-astronomy
- https://ras.ac.uk/education-and-careers/careers

Astronomy Advising

Prof. Aaron Boley Hennings 320A ug-astr@phas.ubc.ca **Combined Honours Biophysics Program**

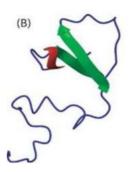
• What is

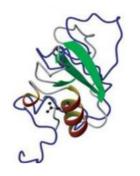
BioRhyhterdisciplinary science that applies
theories, concepts and methods of physics to
questions of biology.



Biophysics: Big Questions

- How does life work?
- The Protein Folding Problem
- (How) has biology exploited quantum mechanics to tailor biological function?
- Neurobiology: how does the brain work? How do we learn?
 Neuroplasticity?





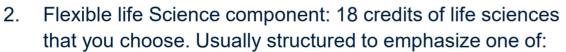




The Honours Biophysics Program

- Defined set of courses in Physics and Mathematics, for example:
 - PHYS 301 Electricity & Magnetism
 - PHYS 304 quantum Mechanics
 - PHYS 305 Biophysics
 - MATH 300 Complex Variables
 - MATH 316 Partial Differential Equations

*This is a diverse program, including: Physics, Math, Chemistry, Biochemistry and Biology!



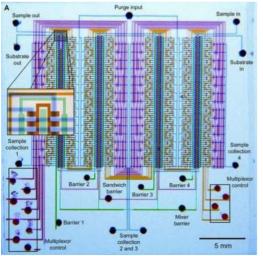
- Molecular and cell biology
- Macrobiology (organism level)
- Applied biology (e.g., medical applications)
- 3. Honours Thesis

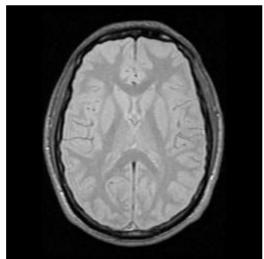


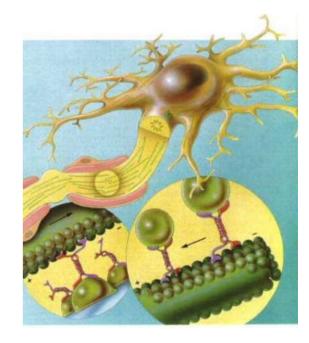
Who is the Biophysics program for?

Anyone interested in how physics and physics approaches can be applied to problems in the life sciences.

Students interested in upper level courses in all of PHYS, MATH, BIOC, BIOL (and optionally: CHEM, CAPS, MICB, PCTH, MEDG)









Biophysics: What do Biophysics Program Graduates do after graduation?

Most continue their education:



Graduate School:

- Biophysics Mechanical Engineering (orthopaedics)
- Medical Physics Pathology
- Biochemistry Experimental Medicine
- Neuroscience Epidemiology
- Education

Medical School

Entrance into the Biophysics program:

For entry in **second** year, apply through the Faculty of Science.

The biophysics program is an Honours program. To remain in the program, UBC Science requires:

- Complete all courses attempted
- Complete a minimum of 27 credits per Winter session (often more are needed)
- Maintain a minimum of 68% average in each academic session.



Entrance into the Biophysics program:

Entrance in <u>third</u> year is possible, at the discretion of the PHAS Biophysics and Undergraduate advisors.

Requirements:

- Average of at least 72% in second year
- Have never failed a course
- Taken a minimum of 27 credits in second year
- Course selections to date appropriate for the Biophysics program



Recommendations:

Follow as closely as possible the program outlined for the Honours Biophysics program in the second year.

Some missed courses can be taken in summer.

http://phas.ubc.ca/undergradhonours-biophysics

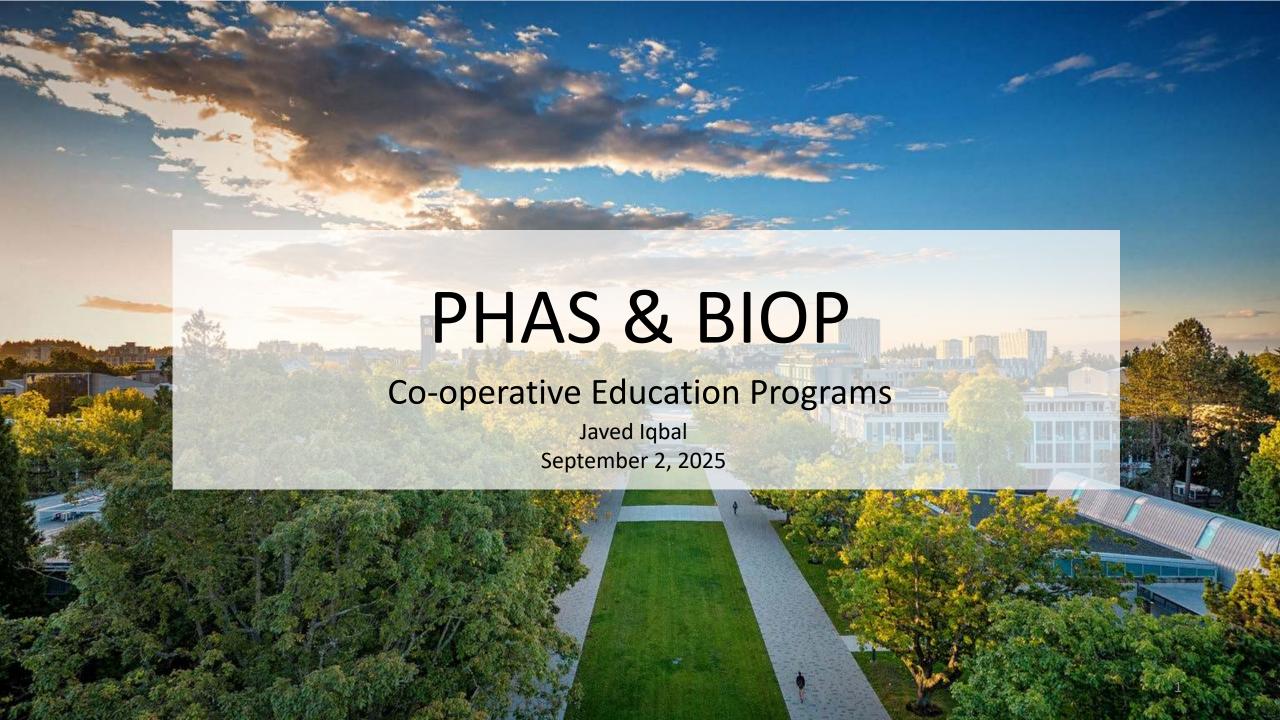
^{*}These are minimum requirements. Applications are considered on a case by case basis.

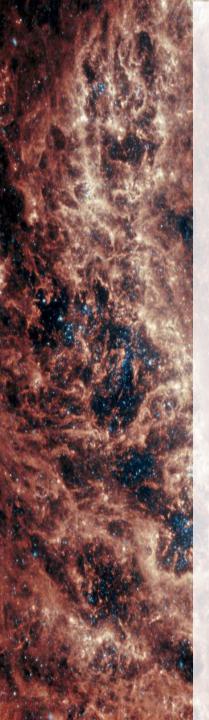
Biophysics: Support is available:

- Biophysics is a small program and traditionally very close-knit
- Biophysics & Medical Physics Student Society, also PHYSSOC:
 - Get to know older students who've been through it before
 - Help with studying
 - Social activities
- Department advisors and course instructors
- Science advising centre
- Science Support programs: http://science.ubc.ca/students/resources



*Any other questions: please email the program advisor, Sabrina Leslie at: ug-biop@phas.ubc.ca /





What is Co-op?

Academic studies

Work-Integrated Learning

Co-op

- Integration of academic studies with relevant,
 supervised, full-time and paid work experiences within student's field of studies
- 16 months to obtain a Co-op designation (4, 8, 12 or 16-month placements)
- Multiple placements with different employers

Average monthly salary for PHAS & BIOP Co-op: \$3,300



Benefits of Co-op Education

- Practical work experiences
- Opportunity to work on real-life problems
- Focused education
- Increased job prospects after graduation
- Informed decisions about graduate studies
- Networking
- Life skills

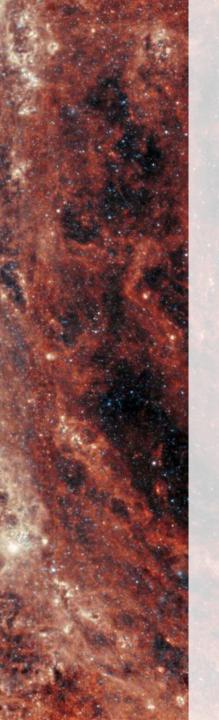




Schedule I (1st Year PHAS)

| Year | Term1 | Term 2 | Summer |
|------|-------|------------|--------|
| 1 | ST 1 | ST 2/apply | |
| 2 | ST 3 | WT1 | WT2 |
| 3 | ST 4 | ST5 | WT 3 |
| 4 | WT4 | ST 7 | WT 5 |
| 5 | ST 7 | ST 8 | |





Schedule II (3rd Year PHAS & BIOP)

| Year | Term1 | Term 2 | Summer |
|------|------------|--------|--------|
| 1 | ST 1 | ST 2 | |
| 2 | ST 3 | ST 4 | |
| 3 | ST 5/apply | ST 6 | WT 1 |
| 4 | WT 2 | WT 3 | WT 4 |
| 5 | ST 7 | ST 8 | |



What Employers Look For?

- Good grades (keep you GPA around 80%)
- Computational skills

PHYS 210/310,

CPSC 103/107/110/203,210,...

DSCI courses

- Personal projects
- Problem solving skills
- Enthusiasm, energy, communication skills, ..



Program Fees

Co-op Admin & Workshop fee:

Co-op work term fee:

• Total cost (4 WT):

\$ 282.75

\$ 871.75/ WT

\$3,770





Next Application Deadlines

• Year 2 & 3 students: October 1, 2025

• Year 1 & 2 students: March 4, 2026







CCUW*iP 2026

Canadian Conference for Undergraduate Women & Gender Minorities in Physics



THE UNIVERSITY
OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

Physics and Astronomy Faculty of Science Jenny Zhu and Airene Ahuja



Conference Details

Date: Friday January 30th - Sunday February 1st, 2026

Purpose: Connect students & professionals through research, networking, and diversity discussions

Events: Keynote lectures, banquet dinner, panels and workshops, oral/poster presentations, graduate school/career fair, and lab tours!

Audience: Organized by and for equity-deserving groups, with registration open to all physics, astronomy, and engineering physics students

Hiring for Organizing Committee!

Media Coordinator (1)

 Creating promotional content, managing social media accounts and CCUW*iP 2026 website, designing merchandise, event documentation.

Internal Coordinator (1)

 Taking meeting minutes, recruiting volunteers and managing their training, booking rooms, keeping track of planning timeline

External Coordinator (1)

 Reaching out to guest speakers, panelists, and workshop hosts, finding and negotiating sponsorships, finding catering and accommodations for the conference

Treasurer (1)

- Ensuring we're within budget, tracking funding/expenses, applying for grants

Contact us!

CCUW*iP 2025 at University of Calgary

More info coming soon: https://ccuwip.cap.ca/

Questions? Email us at ccuwip@phas.ubc.ca



Apply to join the organizing committee:



SOCIETY



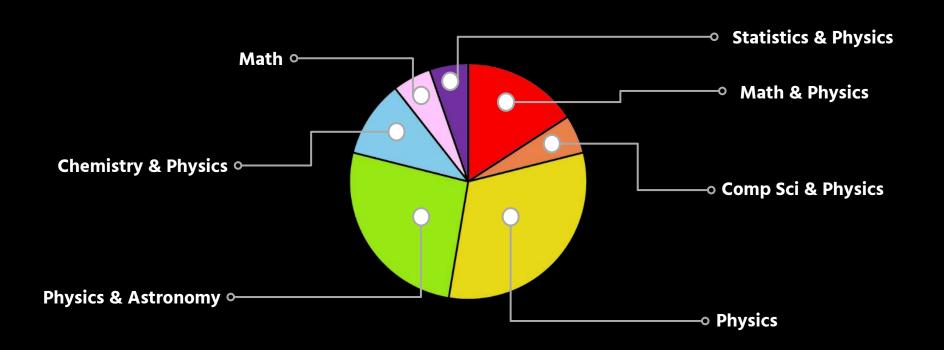
Aakash & Michael

• Founded in 1930

• 18 Council Members

\$10 Membership Fees

STATS ABOUT US:



LOOK FORWARD TO...







BEEF & PIZZA

CHAT W/ PROFS

WINE & CHEESE







ACADEMIC WORKSHOPS

SOCIAL EVENTS

COLLAB EVENTS

LOOK FORWARD TO...



24/7 CARD ACCESS



... and other membership perks!



OUR LOUNGE - HENN 307

Study Spaces, Snacks, Kitchenette, Foosball, Textbook Library

PHYSSOC IMAGINE DAY:



Find us at our booth next to the Alumni Centre!

THANKS!







Discord

Instagram

Website

CONTACT US:

Lounge: Email: Website:

Instagram:

HENN 307 physsoc@phas.ubc.ca physsoc.phas.ubc.ca @ubcphyssoc

UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

PHYSICS SOCIETY





Building community, connection, and support for women and gender-diverse people in PHAS!





- A new club open to women, gender-diverse students, and allies
- Goal: Create a supportive & inclusive community
- Diverse exec team of 10 students

Our Co-Founders







Community & Fun

- Visit our Imagine Day booth!
- Join us at our Fall Welcome
 Event in late September!
- Look out for fun events like movie and craft nights!

Academic & Networking

- Panels and info. sessions
 with profs, grad students, and
 alumni!
- Mentorship nights!
- Study nights throughout the year!



How to get involved



Give your Input!









Who we are



















Flash Observations















- Flash Observations
- Academic lectures







- Flash Observations
- Academic lectures
- Astrophotography workshops





SASTRO

- Flash Observations
- Academic lectures
- Astrophotography workshops
- Social events + school trips







- Flash Observations
- Academic lectures
- Astrophotography workshops
- Social events + school trips
- Dark Sky trips



MEMBERSHIP BENEFITS

(In addition to our events)

- Free telescope rental program
- Priority access to our dark-sky trips and other ticketed events
- Discounts at telescope shops
 - Markarian Fine Optics (Vancouver)
 - All-Star Telescopes (Calgary)
- Discounted club merch



FAQ

Do I have to be in the Department of Physics and Astronomy to join?

Do I have to be a student to join?

How much are memberships?

What is the time commitment?

How can I get involved with planning Astronomy club events?





THANK YOU!

For any inquiries, please don't hesitate to contact us via email:

contact@ubcastronomyclub.com

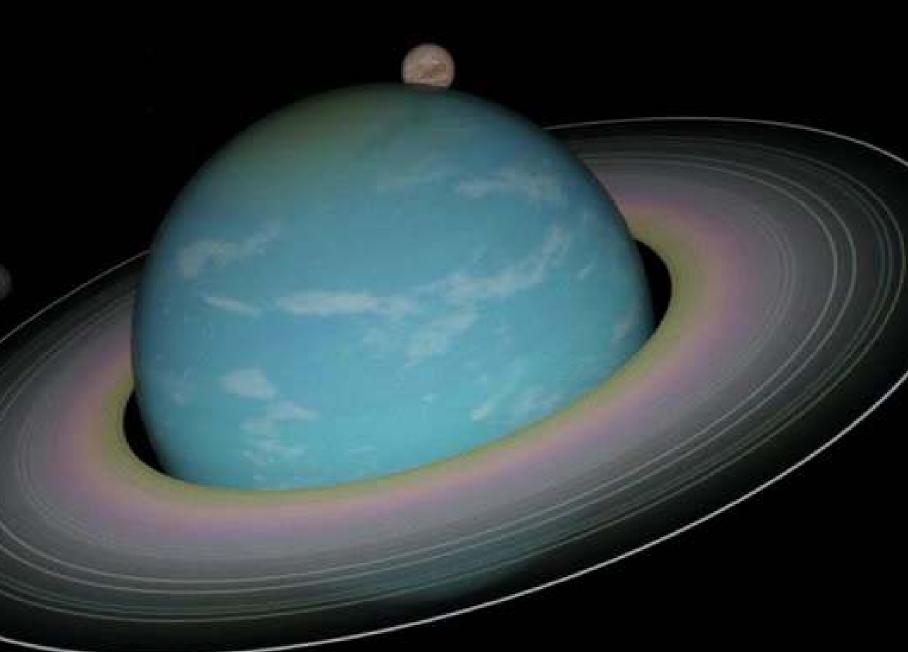
or

president@ubcastronomyclub.com

or visit our website:

www.ubcastronomyclub.com







BIOPHYSICS & MEDICAL PHYSICS SOCIETY







Get Connected!







Community

- Connect with other students who are interested in the field
- Social events → bouldering, intramural teams, trivia night, study groups, board game night, etc.



First event of the 2025 fall term:

Lead climbing at the Aviary!

Date: Thursday, September 11th

Time: 5:00-7:00 pm

Cost: \$15 for non-members

Limited spots available!





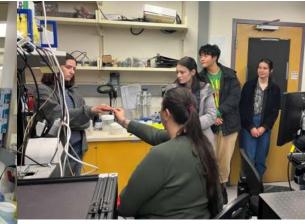
Lab Tours

- Facilitate and participate in lab tours around Vancouver
- Engage with researchers and graduate students

MRI/PET Tour





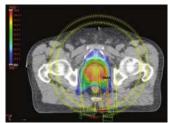


Leslie Lab Tour

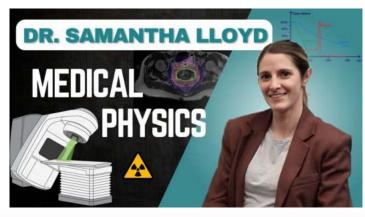


Careers & Research





- Learn about research that faculty and other students are engaged in
- Explore different career paths in the field







High School Outreach



- Create science demos for high school students
- Encourage students to pursue interdisciplinary fields
- Build public speaking skills and gain volunteering experience



Contact Us!

We are looking for:

- Social Media Manager
- Video Producer
- Outreach Instructors
- Lab Tour Coordinators
- Events Coordinator



Fall Meeting:

Tuesday, September 16th @ 4:00pm in HENN 318

https://blogs.ubc.ca/bpmpss/

PHAS EDI committee

Find out more!

https://equity-inclusion.phas.ubc.ca/

PHAS EDI committee

- ~12-15 members: grad and undergrad students, faculty, staff, postdocs
 - Calls for new members usually go out in the spring
- Dept climate survey and recommendations
- Annual town hall meetings

Organized into three working groups - *all dept members (including students!)* are welcome to contribute!

Feedback on our plans is very welcome, anytime!

UBC PHAS EDI support systems working group

Update for PHAS grad students and postdocs

The UBC PHAS EDI support systems working group

Purpose: Create support systems (mentorships program, new department member orientation, outreach initiatives, scholarships and address high cost of living). Cross-link with existing groups (e.g. societies, clubs, and committees)















Support systems working group plan

- <u>Launchpad for Summer 2026</u>: offering of 5-6 summer research positions for Indigenous students. It will complement the newly introduced Indigenous Student Researchers Pathway to NSERC USRA, and it will guarantee returning students a spot the following year.
- Admissions Cycle 2026: implement new policies to increase applications of racialized and underrepresented groups (e.g. application fee waivers; focused marketing strategies)
- Graduate Student Involvement: we will advocate that the department head provides a clear set of expected outcomes and a timeline in advance for graduate student involvement in hiring committees.
- <u>Initiate Incident Response Contacts:</u> assess training paths for the designated point of contacts in the department.

2025-2026 Members

Learning and Resources Working Group



Jess McIver



Pedro Villalba González



Adele Ruosi



Ingrid Stairs



Ana Flora Felixde Souza Pontes



Jenny Zhu



Aakash Anantharaman



Michelle Kunimoto

2025-2026 Activity Plan – Workshops and Trainings

- Sexual Violence Prevention and Response Office (SVPRO) workshop, by Habibatou Ba, SVPRO Interim Director, for faculty and staff. Winter 2025.
- Neurodivergent Learners workshop by Erica Jeffrey, science education specialist in the Biology program, for faculty, staff, RAs, postdocs, graduate and undergrad students. Winter 2025
- Conflict Theatre event with Tom Scholte, UBC professor, dept of Theatre and film, for faculty, staff, RAs, postdocs and graduate students. Spring 2026.
- Supporting Students in Distress and Suicide Awareness & Intervention Training by UBC Wellbeing for all students (grad and ug). Winter 2025.
- Support to Student-Led Workshops (e.g. preparing for application to grad school led by PHYSSOC)

2025-2026 Activity Plan - Resources

- Guidelines for students for instructors completed by end of Summer 2025
- Orientation package for new faculty completed by end of December 2025
- Orientation package for new staff completed by end of Summer 2026
- Lab's accessibility Guidelines for PHAS leadership and instructors completed by end of Summer 2026
- [Guidelines for an inclusive course syllabus for instructors completed by end of Summer 2026]

We'd love your input!

 Please share your feedback on the current agenda and let us know if there are workshops or resources you'd like to see offered by the department.

Interested in getting more involved? Consider joining our working group!

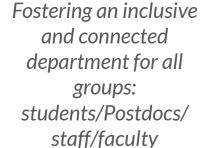
- We're especially inviting graduate students and post docs to help plan and implement the upcoming Conflict Theatre event. The overall time commitment is approximately 7 hours, and It's a great opportunity to collaborate on writing a scenario for the play. If you're interested, you can also take part in the acting!
- The Lab's Accessibility Project will also be hiring 10 undergraduate students in Science as consultants. The overall time commitment is approximately 5 hours. This is a chance to contribute valuable insights and help shape a more inclusive environment.

UBC PHAS EDI - Community Building Group





















+ Mira

Initiatives

- Weekly Tuesday Tea event
 - Opportunity to connect with others in the department
 - Meet new members
 - o Status: ongoing
- Open house of various Labs
 - o To encourage access to resources and skills
 - Status: organizing
- Sensory room
 - Applied for funds/awarded
 - We have a room
 - Status: planning
- Townhall
 - Engage community and recruit volunteers
 - o To be planned for 2025

And ...

Continue to explore new avenues to engage and connect:

Community lunches

etc

Atomic, Molecular and Optical (AMO) Physics

Laser control of Atoms, Molecules and their Quantum Interactions

Ultra-cold atoms
Atoms in superfluid helium
Anti-atoms of antimatter

Ultra-cold molecules
Molecular super-rotors
Cold molecular plasmas



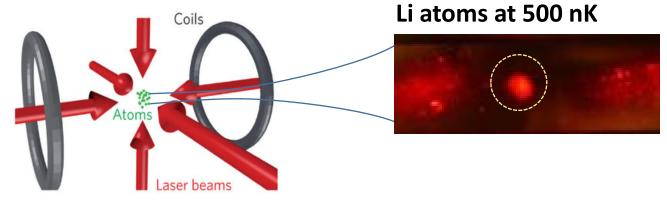
3 "AMO Nobel Prizes" in last 10 years (2023, 2022, 2018)

Frequency combs
Extreme frequencies
Optical centrifuge

Atomic Physics

QUANTUM GASES

[Madison]



QUANTUM LIQUIDS

[Milner]



Roton "smoke rings"

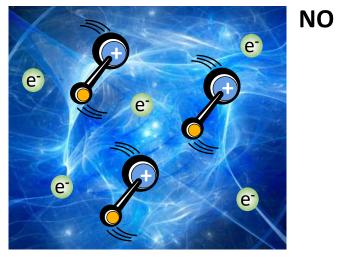


ALPHA (Antihydrogen Laser Physics Apparatus)

Molecular Physics

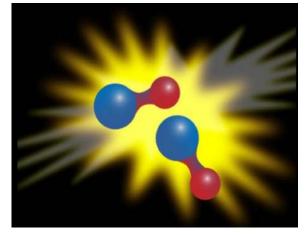
COLD MOLECULAR PLASMAS

[Grant]



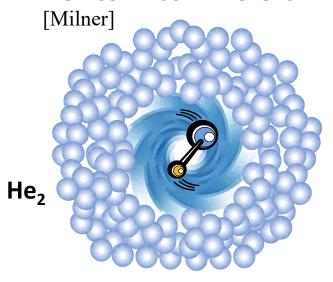
ULTRACOLD MOLECULES

[Madison]



LiRb

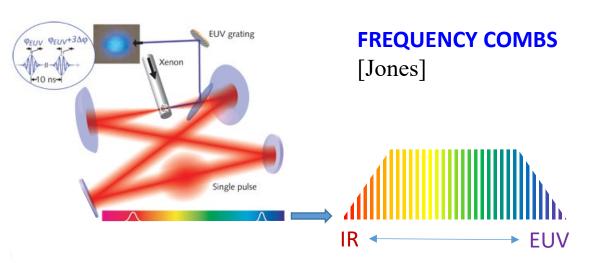
MOLECULAR SUPER-ROTORS



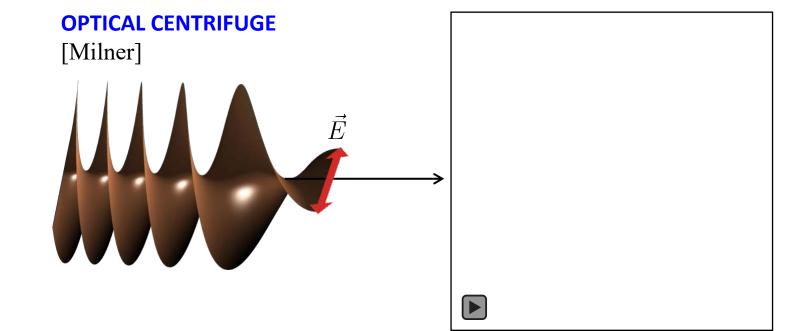
MOLECULAR TRAPS
[Momose]

Magnetic trap

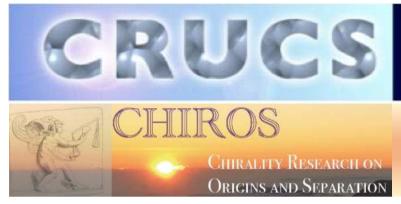
Optical Physics



Atto-second pulses Extreme frequencies



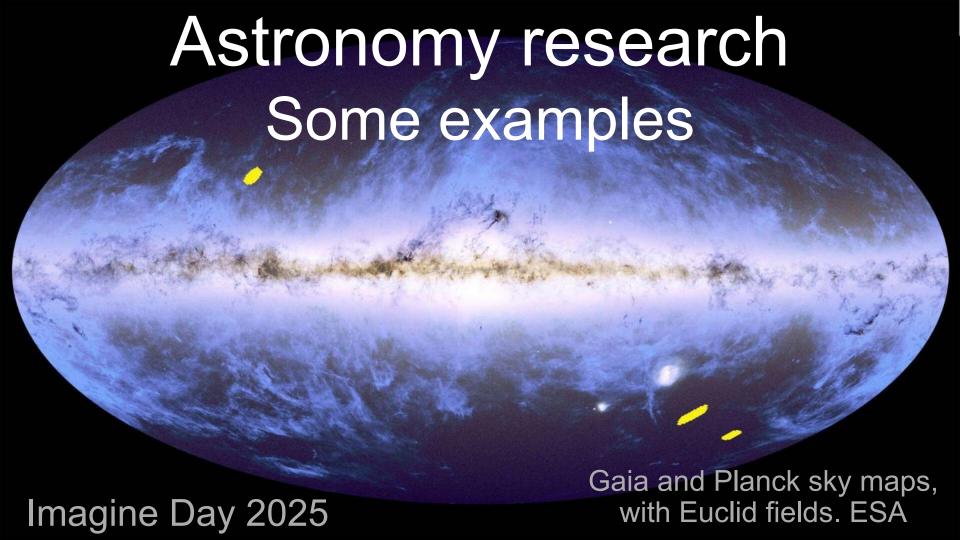
Two Centers for **AMO** Physics at UBC



Canadian Centre for Research on Ultra-Cold Systems

Chirality Research On Origins and Separation

| AMO UBC | Department of PHYSICS | Department of CHEMISTRY |
|-----------------------------|--|--|
| EXPERIMENTAL STUDIES | David Jones Kirk Madison Valery Milner Ziliang Ye | Keng Chou Edward Grant Takamasa Momose |
| THEORETICAL STUDIES | Mona Berciu Andrew Potter Fei Zhou | Roman Krems |

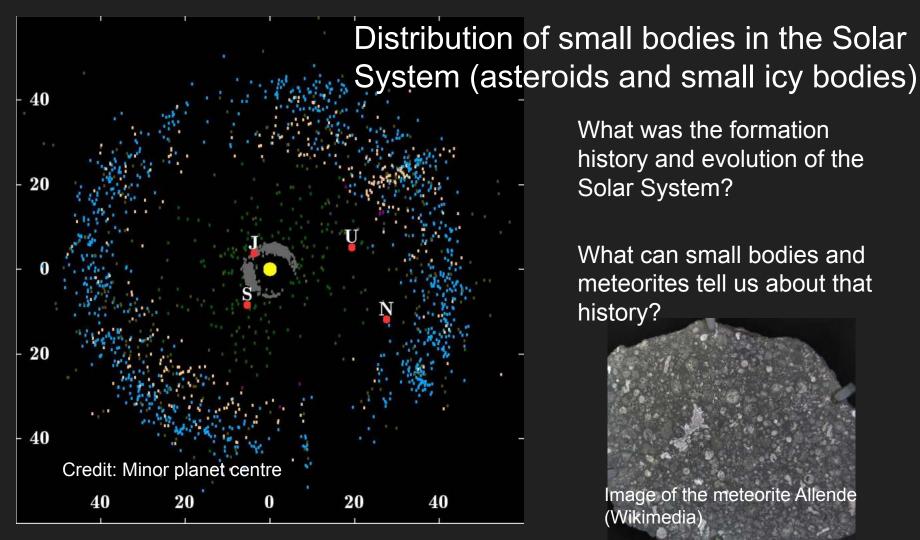


At UBC, we cover the full range of astronomical scales, from planetary science to cosmology

We have observers, experimentalists, modellers, theorists and those who do some of each

If you're interested in any particular type of astronomy, let us know to find out about possible research opportunities

What are some of the big questions UBC astronomers are addressing?



What was the formation history and evolution of the Solar System?

What can small bodies and meteorites tell us about that history?

Image of the meteorite Allende (Wikimedia)

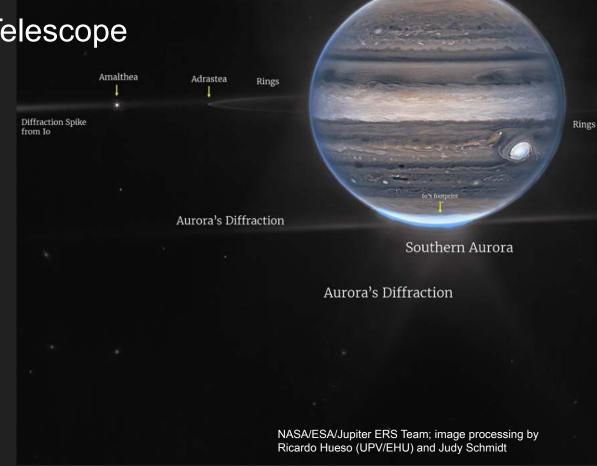
Jupiter as seen by the Webb Telescope

How do planets form?

How do the building blocks of planets form?

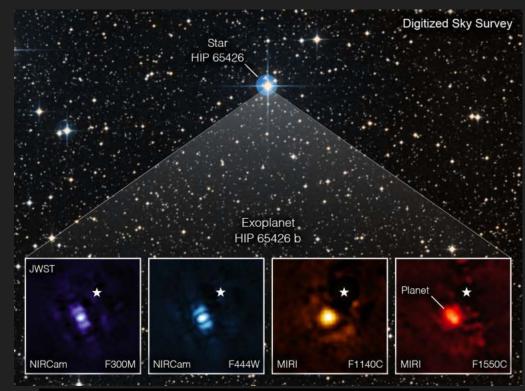
What processes set planetary architectures?

How do planetary systems evolve?



Northern Aurora

Directly imaged planet HIP 65426 b as see by the Webb Telescope



Credit: NASA/ESA/CSA, A Carter (UCSC), the ERS 1386 team, and A. Pagan (STScI).

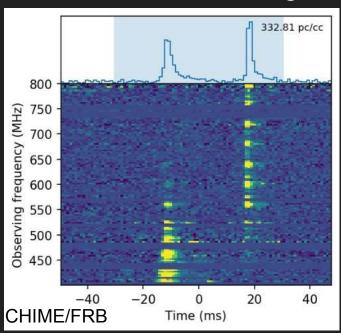
What can exoplanets tell us about the possibilities for life elsewhere in the Universe?

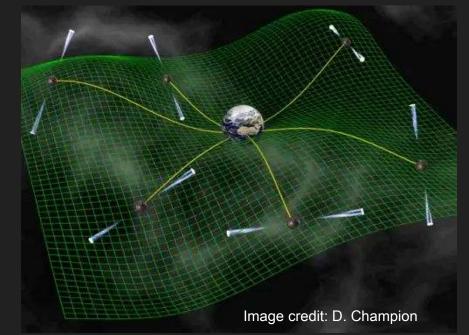
What are the connections between star and planet formation?

CHIME/FRB and Pulsar Timing Arrays

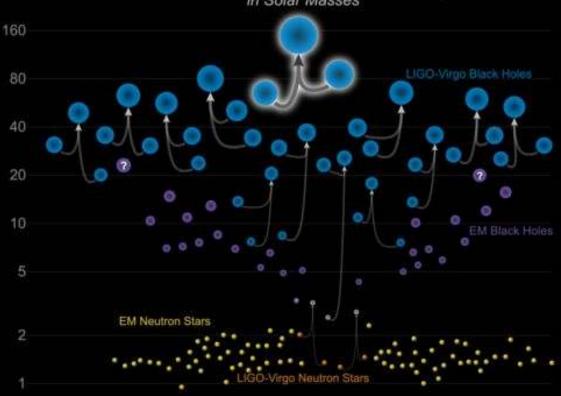
What are the extreme physical conditions in compact objects and do they show a need for extensions to standard physics?

What can compact objects tell us about gravity and gravitational waves?





Masses in the Stellar Graveyard in Solar Masses



What are the mass ranges of black holes?

What are the merger rates of black holes and compact objects?

Updated 2020-09-02 LIGO-Virgo | Frank Elavsky, Aaron Geller | Northwestern



How do galaxy interactions alter the gas and stars in galaxies?

How are galaxies influenced by their large-scale environment in which they reside?

Image credit: NASA, ESA, CSA, and STScI

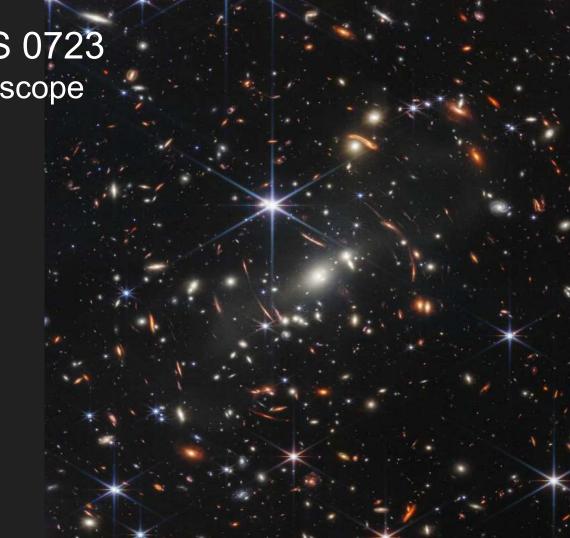
Galaxy cluster SMACS 0723 as seen by the Webb Telescope

When did the first galaxies form?

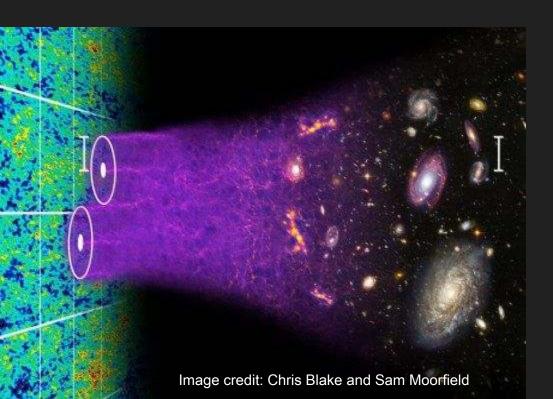
What reionized the Universe - massive stars or supermassive black holes? Something else?

What was the evolution of the early Universe?

Image credit: NASA, ESA, CSA, and STScl



Cosmology – Origin and Evolution of the Universe



What are the precise values of the numbers that describe our Cosmos?

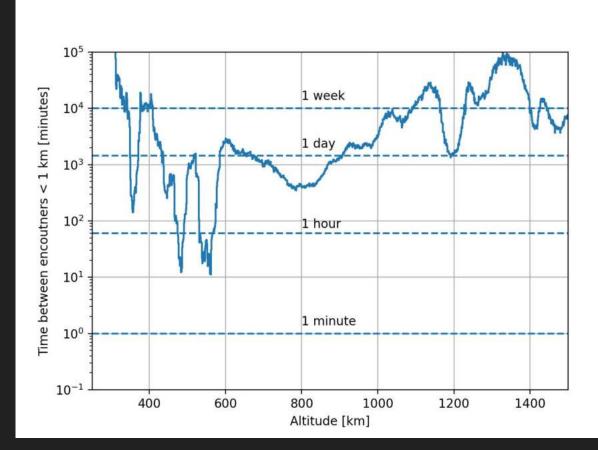
What is Dark Matter and what is Dark Energy?

What physics are we missing?

Space Sustainability and Science-Policy

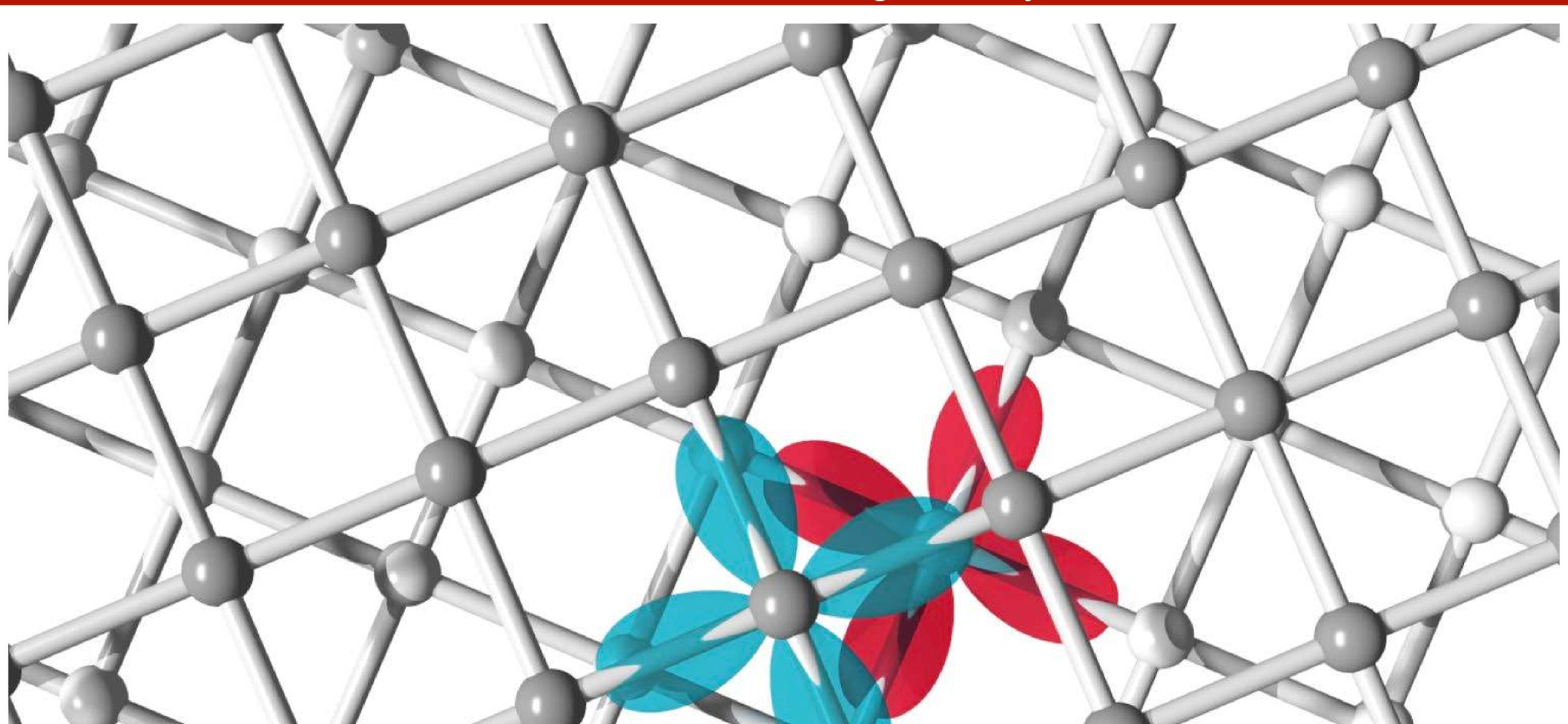
How do we develop space while protecting the Earth-space environment?

How do we avoid conflict in space?

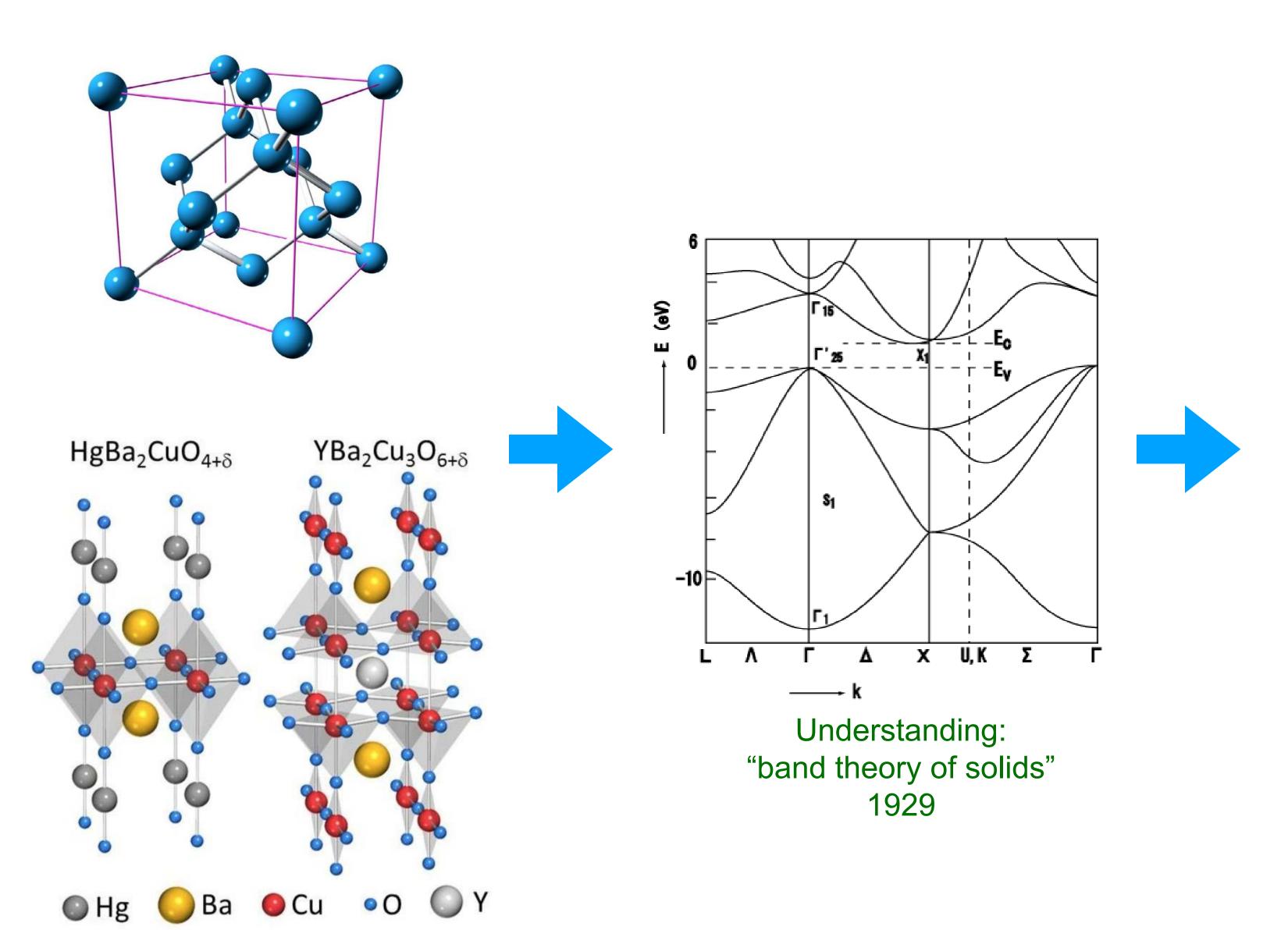


Condensed matter physics

at UBC and more generally



Electron motion is crystal lattices



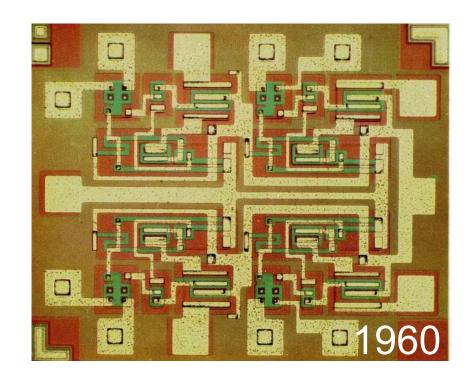


Invention of transistor 1948



Transistor: The most influential invention in history?



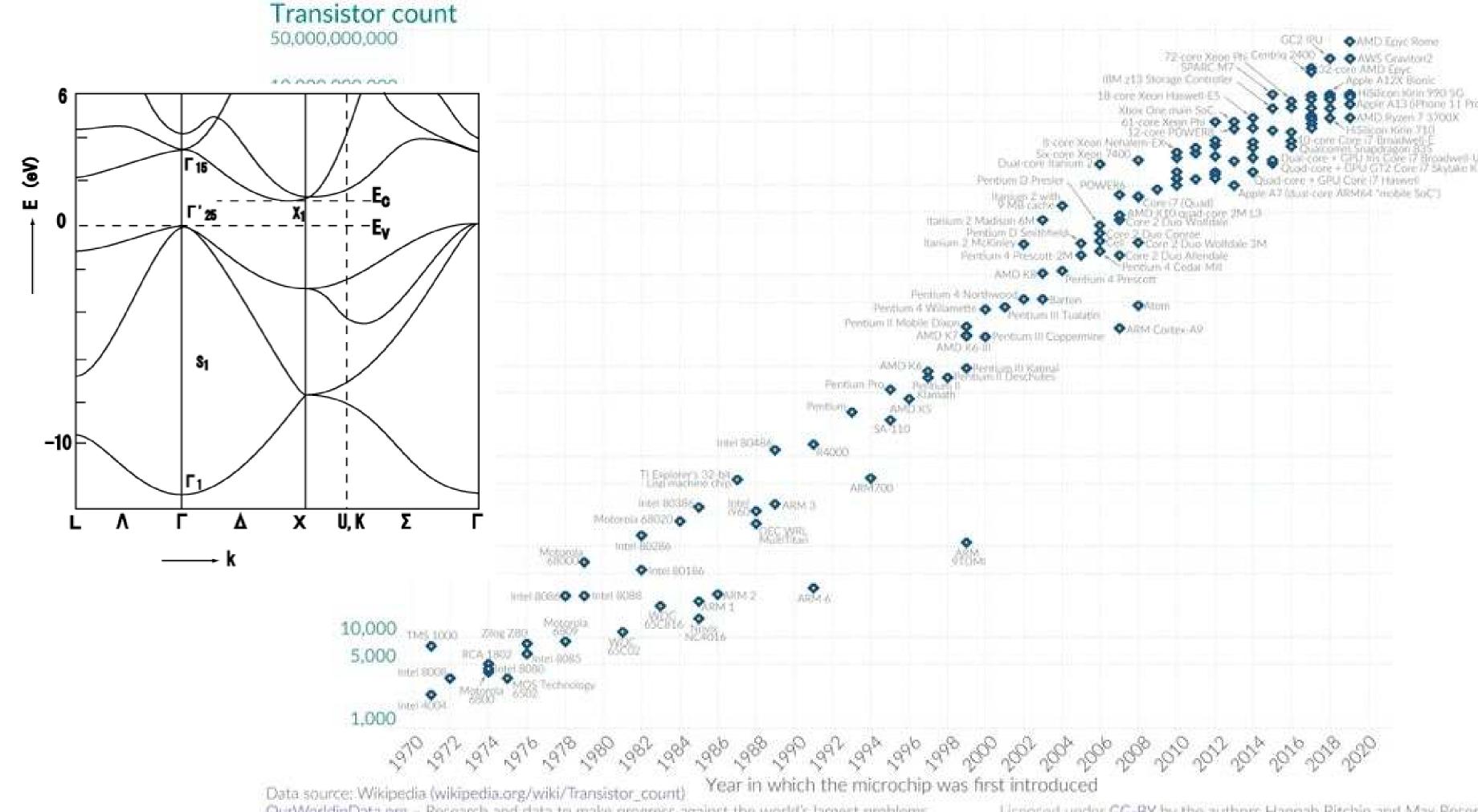


Today it is estimated that 30 trillion transistors are produced every second!

Moore's Law: The number of transistors on microchips doubles every two years Our World

in Data

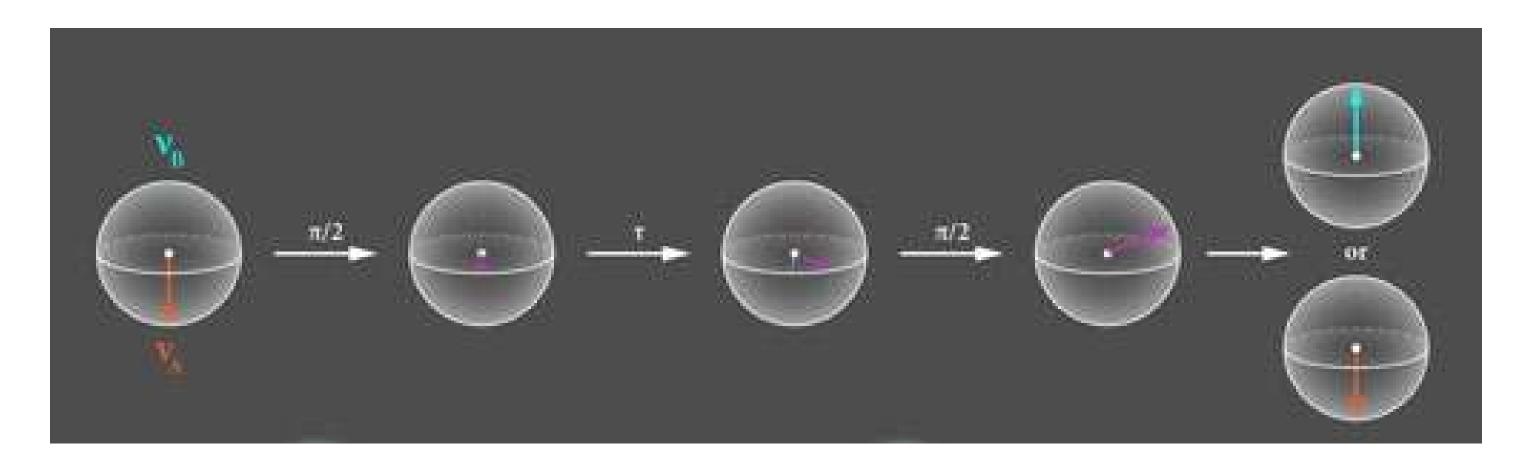
Moore's law describes the empirical regularity that the number of transistors on integrated circuits doubles approximately every two years. This advancement is important for other aspects of technological progress in computing - such as processing speed or the price of computers.



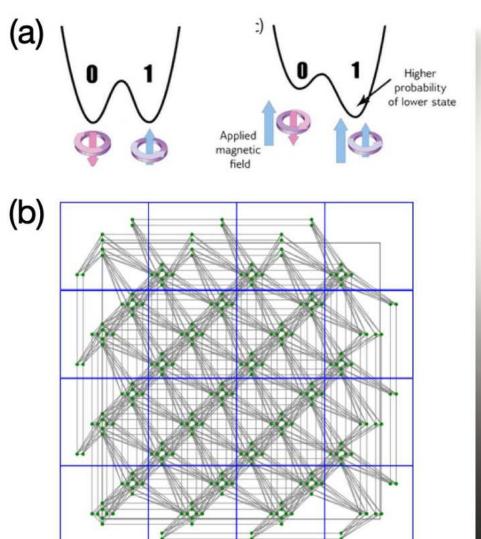
OurWorldinData.org - Research and data to make progress against the world's largest problems.

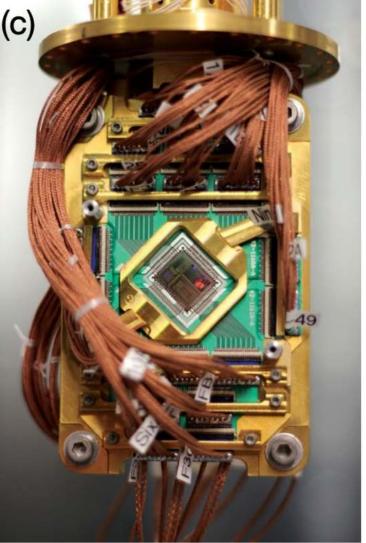
Licensed under CC-BY by the authors Hannah Ritchie and Max Roser.

Quantum computing: The coming revolution



By exploiting the laws of quantum mechanics directly quantum computers are in theory capable of solving classically intractable computational problems.









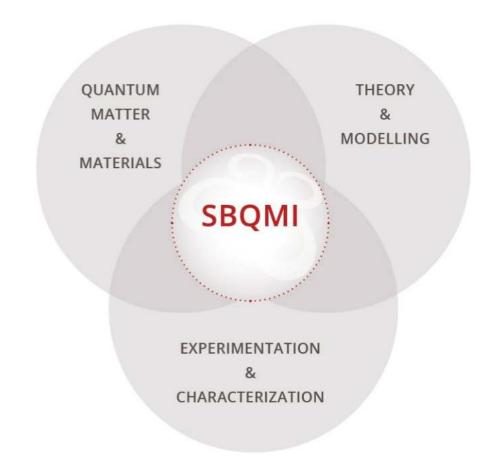
VISION

Quantum Materials by Design

Creating the building blocks for future technologies that will transform the world

Vision

Become the world leading institute in quantum materials & devices, and nucleate an ecosystem of companies for future technologies



Research

Training

Translation





• Physics • Chemistry • Electrical Engineering •









































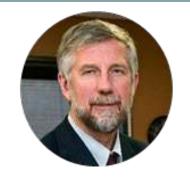


New Faculty 2017/18











New Faculty 2018/19

CONTINUED UBC SUPPORT & COMMITMENT

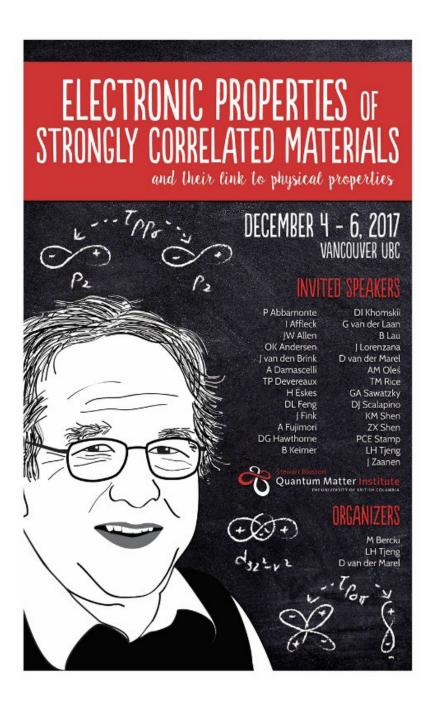


Major new funding CFREF May 2017

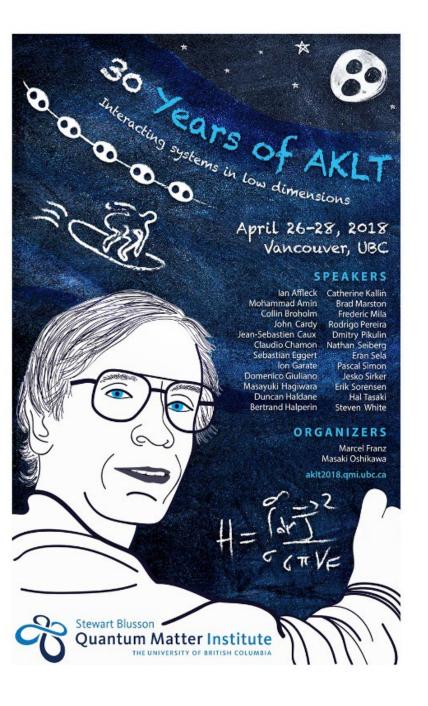
- New building expanded facilities/capabilities
- Infrastructure support
- 7 new faculty positions (for a total of 24)
- Student & PDF fellowships
- International opportunities and engagement

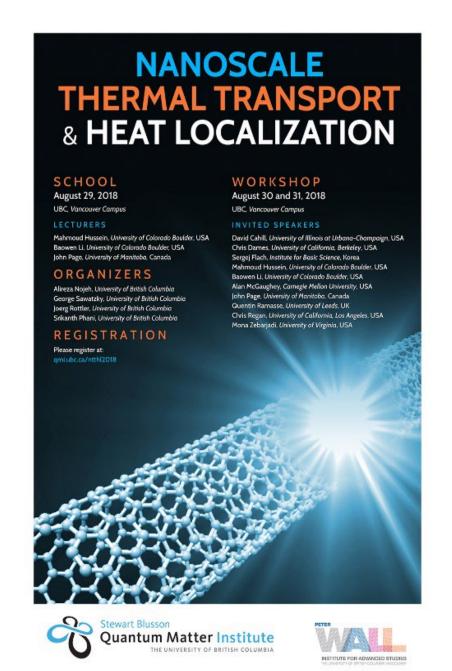




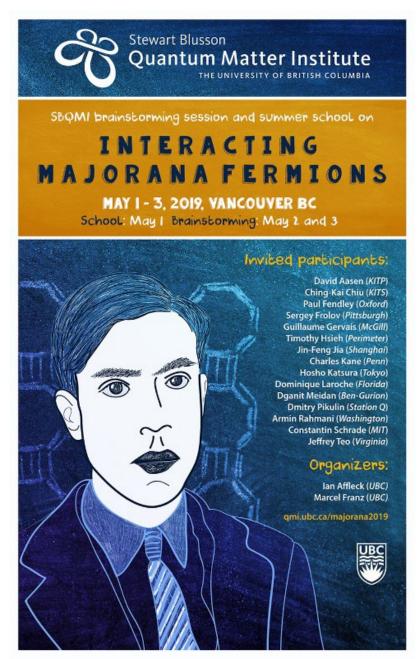




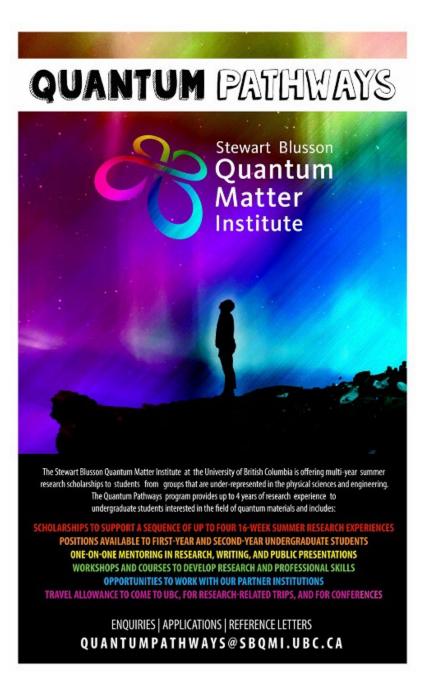












INTERNATIONAL ACADEMIC PARTNERSHIPS

MP-UBC-UTokyo Centre for Quantum Materials

果京大学 THE UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO

MAX PLANCK - \$2.5M - UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO - \$2.5m

OBJECTIVE: To promote and further the cooperation between researchers and research groups of both parties





















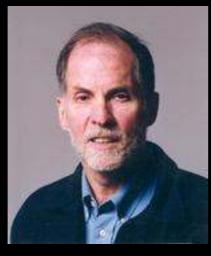


Subatomic Physics at UBC Colin Gay





Scott Oser SuperCDMS



Mike Hasinoff DarkLight



Alison Lister



Colin Gay



Kate Pachal

ATLAS

TRINAT



Chris Hearty





Oliver Stelzer-Chilton



NA62, Pioneer

Doug Bryman



Janis McKenna



Tom Mattison



John Behr

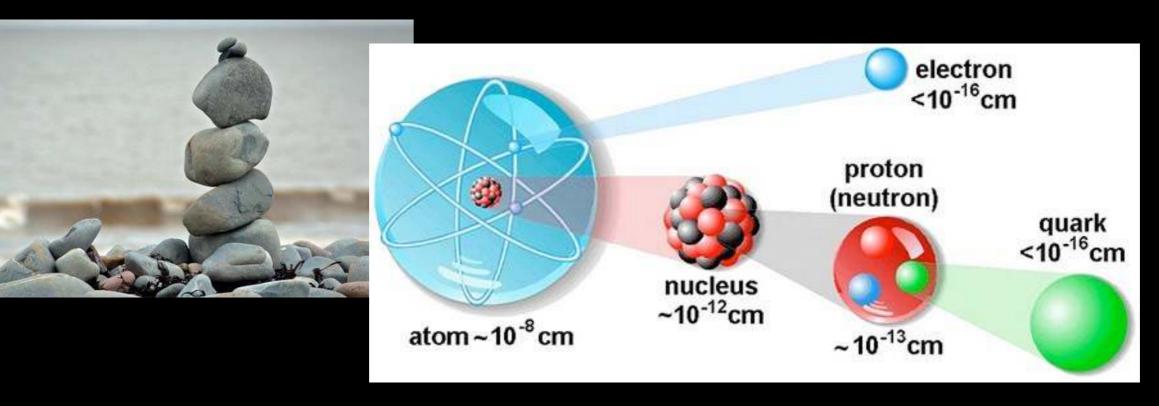
Particle (Subatomic) Physics is the prototypical reductionist field, asking the questions:

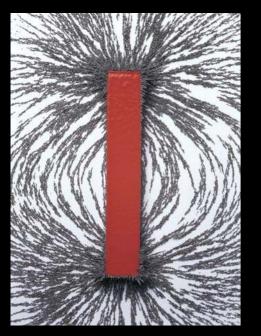
What are the indivisible building blocks of matter?

What are the fundamental forces?

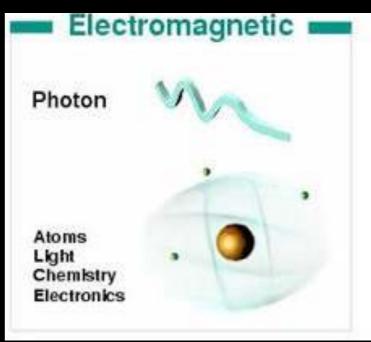
What fundamental symmetries are there?

and tries to find the most irreducible answer





- = Magnetic Force
- = exchanging photons



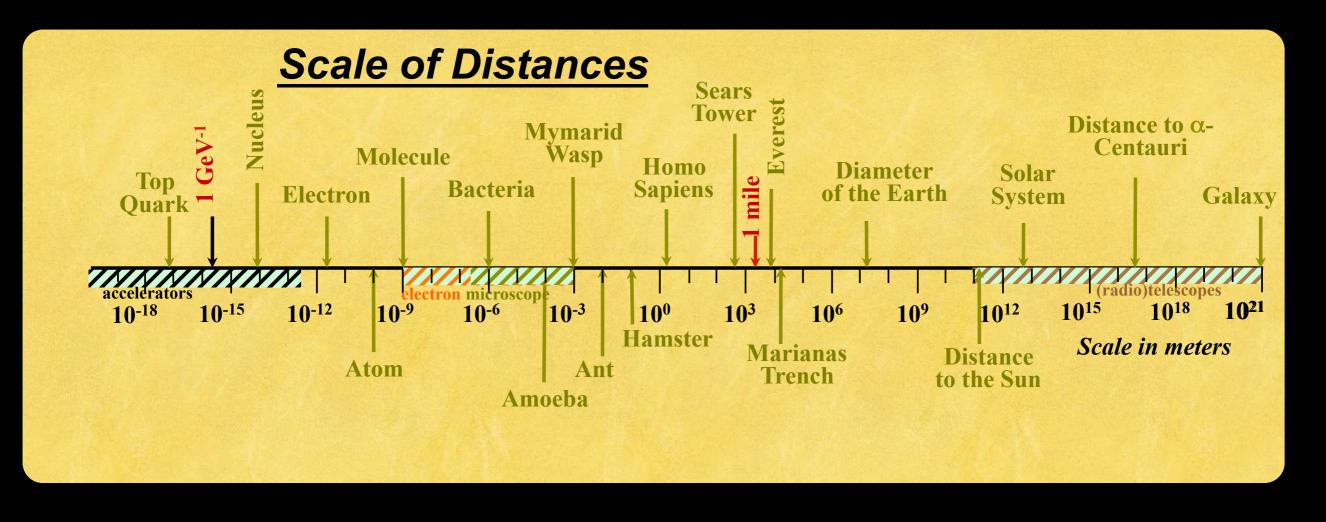
To do this, we need to probe to the *smallest* distance possible

Equivalent to working at the highest energy possible

Or the hottest temperature

Or the earliest time in the universe

Or look at the rarest processes for symmetry violations



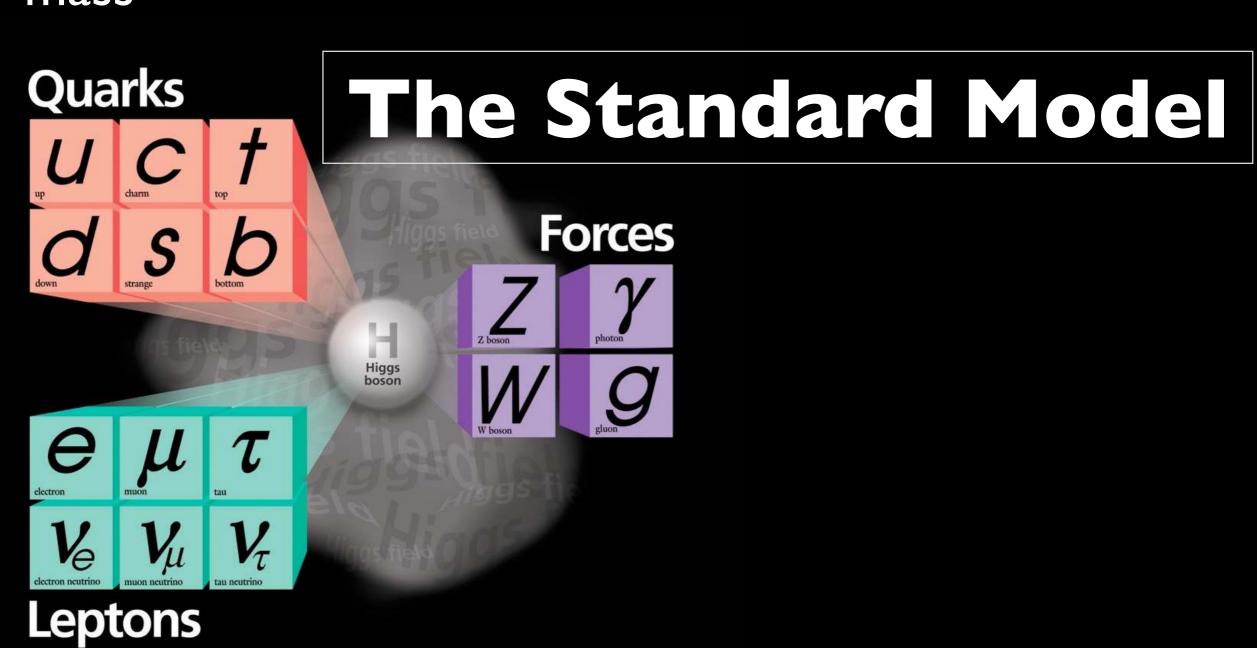
Particle Physics probes distance scales that are as far from the atomic scale as the atomic scale is from everyday scales

History of the Universe recombination Accelerator ght elements v 0 cosmic ē cosmic microwave radiation visible 2 Inflation 2 е ? 1 98 ē 2 2 V w 10.378 98 1032 1028 ē 10-108 1015 10-55 1015 1012 102_s n 3x105 10 9 n 3000 109 y Key: Today W, Z bosons **W** photon 3×10 -10 12x109y (sec,yrs) **q** quark meson galaxy 10-12 gluon ወ baryon star 2.3×10-13 e electron (Kelvin) ion Limuon Ttau black atom) V neutrino Particle Data Group, LBNL, © 2008. Supported by DOE and NSF hole

The physics we study is that of when the Universe was $\sim 10^{-12}$ s old, or at a temperature of $\sim 10^{17}$ K

For comparison, the core of the sun is $\sim 10^7$ K, and the Universe is now at a temp of ~ 3 K

We have a mathematical framework that incorporates all the indivisible particles we know, (6 quarks and 6 leptons) and 3 of the forces (Electromagnetism, Strong, Weak, but not Gravity) and explains why (most) fundamental particles have mass

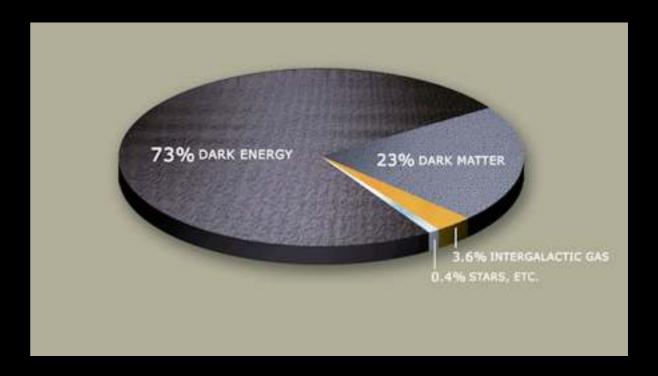


The Standard Model is one of the most well-tested theories ever.

However, it has many deficiencies that are very farreaching

Still many Mysteries

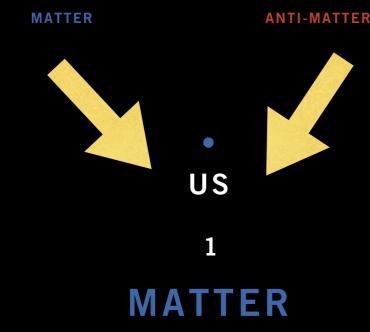
10,000,000,001 10,000,000,000



What is Dark Matter?

Is there a whole

Dark Sector of particles?



Why is there any matter left to make us?

- Why haven't we seen/measured these?
- Matter/Antimatter asymmetry: Very small effect - look for evidence in very rare decays of SM particles (Belle II, NA62)

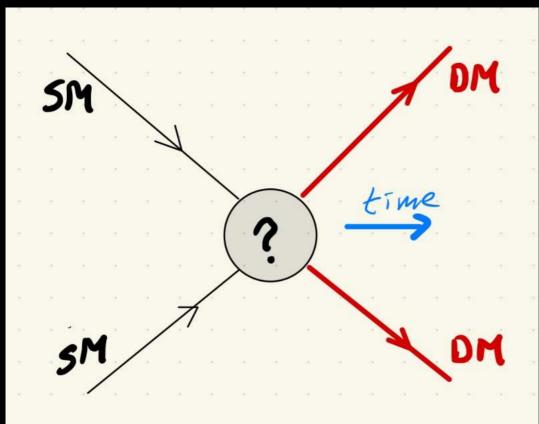
Search for Dark Matter

Cosmological DM must be neutral (hence "Dark") Interacts very weakly with "normal" matter At least one type must be stable

There may be a whole sector of Dark Matter particles

- eg Supersymmetry = all particles have new partners
- Extra Dimensions
- Dark Sector with different structure than SM

DM could be very heavy. Need high energy accelerator to make (E=mc²), or use cosmological relic DM with underground detection DM could be light - must have extremely weak interaction with SM (need high intensity/rare measurements)



Particle colliders let us create conditions from early universe! Eg: Large Hadron Collider: 10-12 s after Big Bang, highest energy in world

At several labs, collide protons/electrons, make Dark Matter in a lab to study

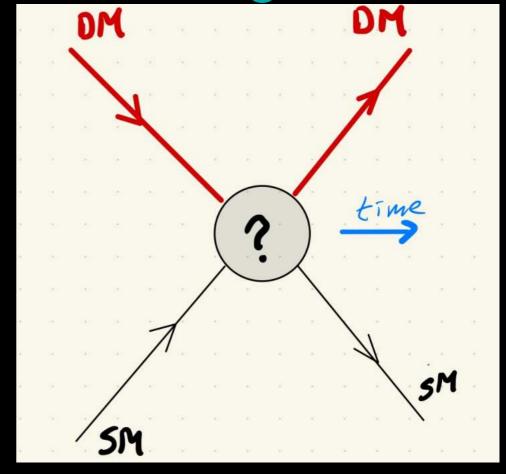
ATLAS, Belle II, Darklight

Accelerators

Let existing DM hit huge amounts of "normal" matter, look for extremely rare interactions

Eg: SuperCDMS @ SNOLab in Sudbury

Underground



Lot's of big questions still to address:

Can we write a Grand Unified Theory that unifies all the forces?

Are quarks and leptons indivisible?

Where did all the antimatter go?

What is Dark Matter made of?

What is the nature of Dark Energy?

How many dimensions are there?

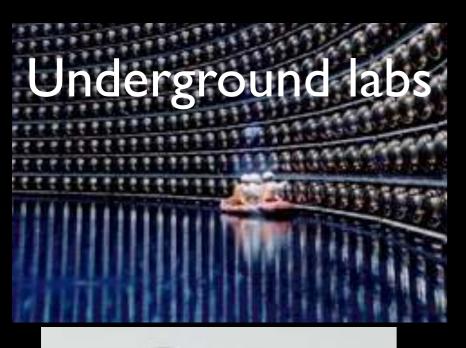
Are there new particles/forces to be found?

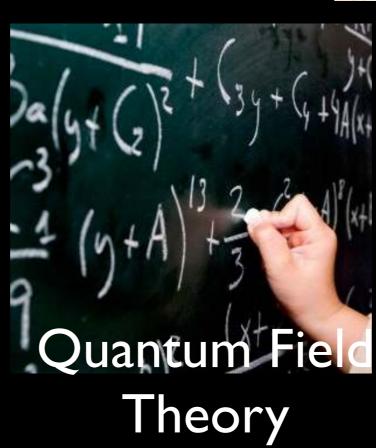
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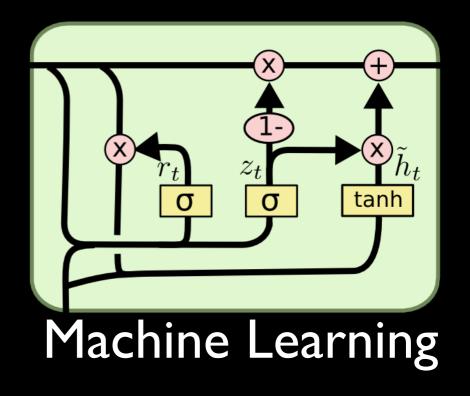
Tools of the Trade







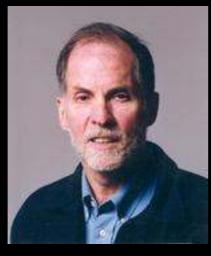




Fancy detectors/electronics



Scott Oser SuperCDMS



Mike Hasinoff DarkLight



Alison Lister



Colin Gay



Kate Pachal

ATLAS

TRINAT



Chris Hearty





Oliver Stelzer-Chilton



NA62, Pioneer

Doug Bryman



Janis McKenna



Tom Mattison



John Behr

Biological Physics &

Medical Physics



Thomas Young (1800s)

- Young's modulus, wave interference
- Trichromatic theory of color vision physical optics and sensory physiology.



Hermann von Helmholtz (1840s–1850s) E&M Nerve-conduction velocity and founded physiological optics

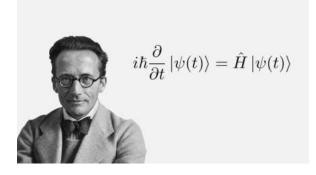
Niels Bohr (1932–33)

Quantum mechanics



Albert Einstein (1905)

- Many, including Relativity and early QM photoelectric effect
- Theory of Brownian motion (1905) gave biology a molecular ruler for diffusion/fluctuations



Erwin Schrödinger QM What Is Life? (1944):

 "aperiodic crystal" + informationinheritance framing that energized the DNA era

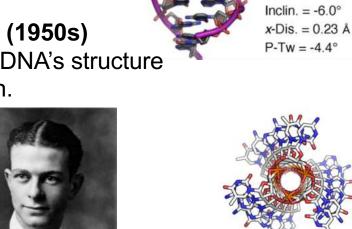
"Light and Life" lectures -- biology might require new conceptual tools (complementarity)





Francis Crick (BSc in physics)
Maurice Wilkins (PhD physics) (1950s)

 Central figures in deciphering DNA's structure and flow of genetic information.



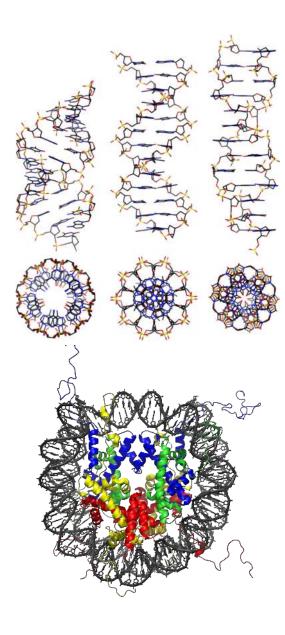
B. B-DNA

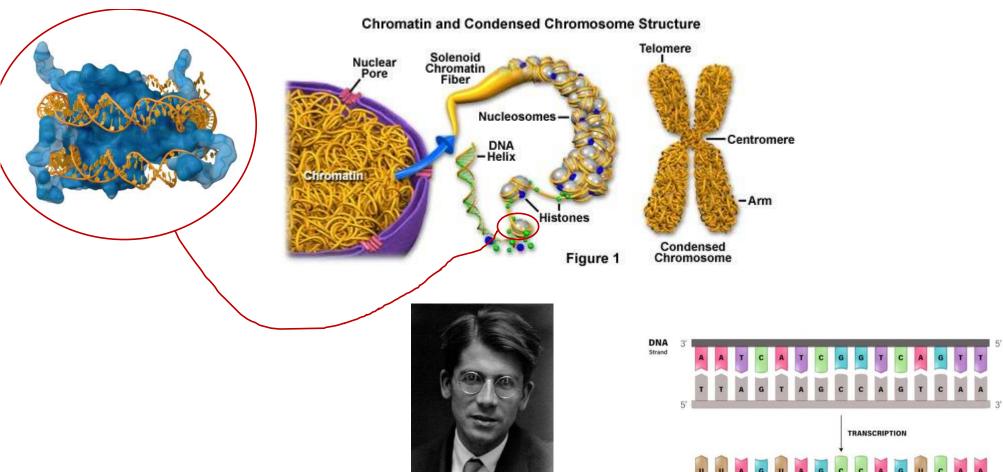
Twist = 36° Rise = 3.38 ÅRoll = 0°



 Nature of the chemical bond (electronic structure; valence bonds, hybridization)

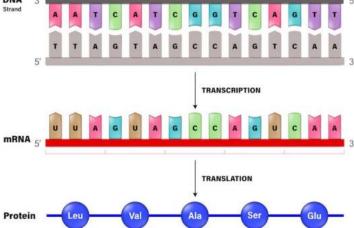
Many: Protein secondary structure: α-helix and β-sheet \$\limes\$





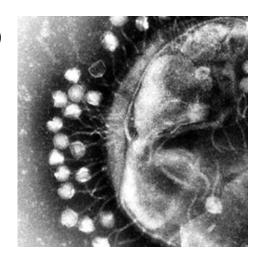
- Big Bang theory, quantum tunneling in α -decay
- The 3 letter genetic code

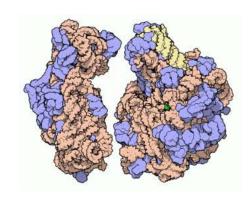
George Gamow (1950s)

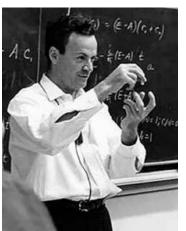


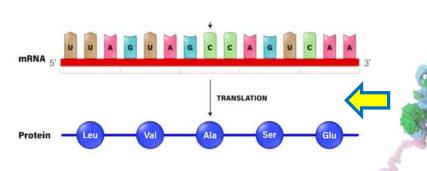


Max Delbruck (PhD Physics) (1930s -1940s) Origin of molecular biology Genetic structure of viruses









Richard Feynman (1959-1960)

QED; path integral QM; diagrammatic field theory

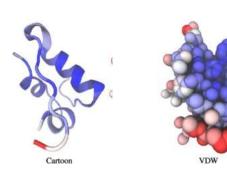
Phage genetics and ribosomes; Vision (Feynman Lectures) → ribosome as a universal machine

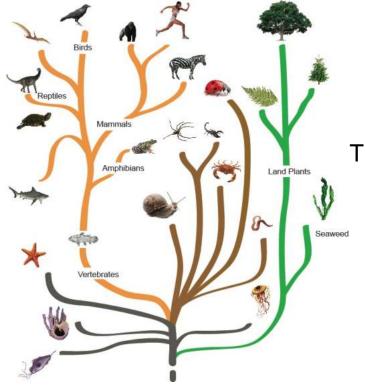
Heterologous expression

Many genes from 1 animal work in another animal **Banting, Best** (U Toronto 1920s)

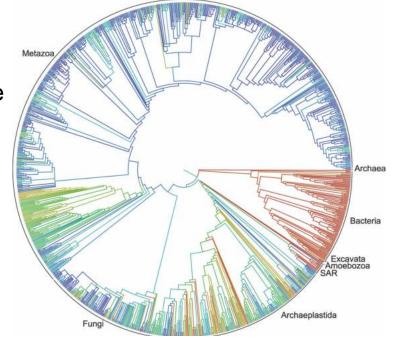
Porcine/bovine insulin to treat humans with diabetes







The universal genetic code











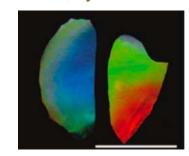
Leslie

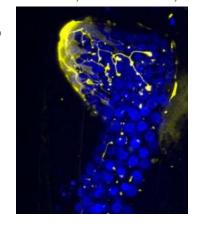
Single-molecule microscopy, Biophysics of DNA, RNA

Michal

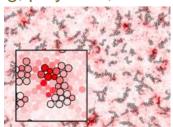
Plotkin
Origins of multicellular animals
Viral evolution; Genomics; Biomolecules

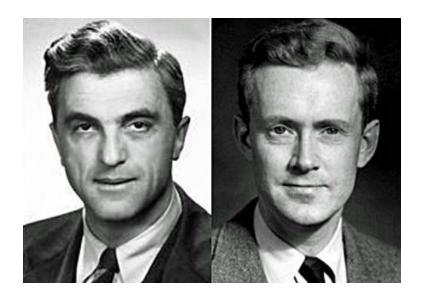
NMR and MRI, brain research, spider silk, synthetic materials





Material properties from an atomistic perspective, machine learning, polymers, biomaterials



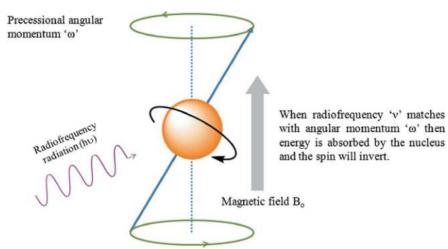


Edward Purcell and Robert Pound (1940s) (Physicists!)

"Professor Purcell ... said there would be essentially no practical applications for this esoteric academic field."

NMR

--N. Bloembergen





Reinsburg Cancer Imaging, MRI

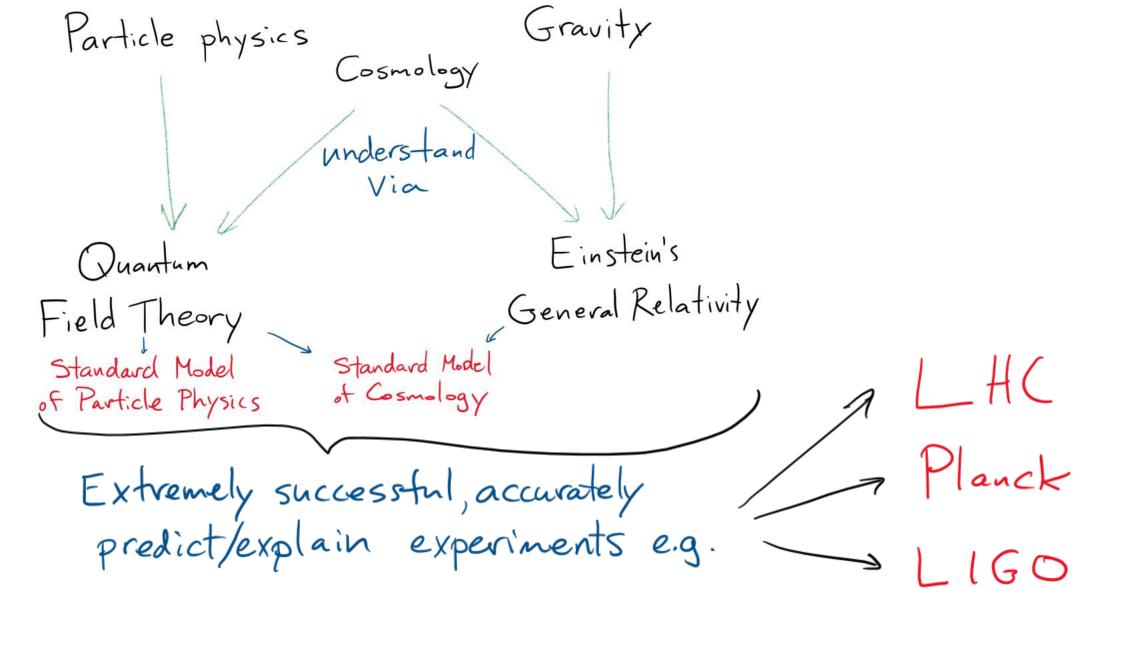


Sossi
PET/MRI Imaging



Gravity Particle physics Cosmology Einstein's Quantum General Relativity Field Theory

Gravity Particle physics Cosmology Einstein's Quantum General Relativity Field Theory Standard Model Standard Model of Cosmology of Particle Physics



Still many open questions:

What is dark matter?

What is dark energy?

Is there new physics beyond the standard model?

Why is there more matter than antimatter?

What is the origin structure in the universe?

PARTICLE THEORY 6 COSMOLOGY

Kris Sigurdson

My theoretical research interests span cosmology and its connections to fundamental particle physics and string theory.



What physics do we need to explain **Dark Matter? Dark Energy? Inflation?**

David Morissey

Elementary Particle Physics



- New particles and interactions (e.g. supersymmetry, extra dimensions, strong forces)
- Interpretation and explanation of LHC data
- Candidates for dark matter
- Origin of the matter-antimatter asymmetry
- Ways to test this stuff
 experimentally

Eric Zhitnitsky

I work on Quantum Chromodynamics (QCD) in the unusual environment when temperature, chemical potential, the so-called theta parameter are non-zero. Such a study is important in the area





Theoretical aspects of gravity of quantum field theory - what is the physics of black holes? - origin, distribution, mergers

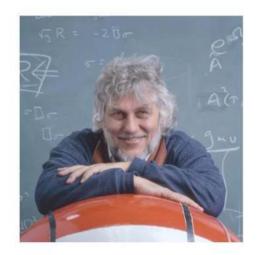
- physics of black hole evaporation

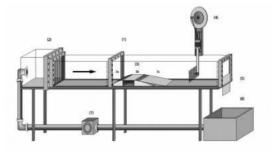
- can exotic objects e.g. wormholes exist?
- what are the possible quantum field theories?

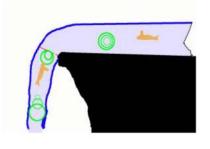
Can we understand quantum gravity? Where do time + space come from? What is the big bang? string theory What's inside a black hole? AdS/CFT Correspondence

- also atternative approaches

Bill Unruh







Black Hole analogy: (above) Model black hole quantum emission in fluids (water waves, BEC, optical)



Kristin Schleich

Classical relativity and quantum gravity, especially the role topology plays in the classical and quantum dynamics of our universe.

General relativity in **higher dimensions**, with a focus on problems related to M-theory and string theory.

Quantum Cosmology

Foundations of Quantum Mechanics:



PHILIP **STAMP** Decoherence in

Alternatives

quantum mechanics to gravity

Matt Choptuik

Numerical relativity at UBC: see http://laplace.phas.ubc.ca for more info.



Joanna Karczmarek



simple models for low D gravity







Connections to quantum Mark Van Raamsdonk information





Can quantum gravity models teach us about dark energy, cosmology?

Gordon Semenoff

I work on theoretical elementary particle physics, quantum field theory and string theory:



Graduation & Beyond!

Graduating?

You must follow all of the requirements from one year of the calendar (normally your 2nd year – when you entered the program

Honours requirements (>68% average, 27+ credits/year (except in final year when you should take only as many credits as needed to graduate)

Arts/Breadth requirements

*No matter what you see on phas.ubc.ca (which we to try to keep up to date) or anywhere else on the web, the <u>UBC calendar is 'the rule book'</u> and defines what is required to get a degree from UBC.





The Calendar

Most of what you really need to be familiar with can be found under:

• Faculty of Science BSc requirements: https://vancouver.calendar.ubc.ca/faculties-colleges-and-schools/faculty-science/bachelor-science

- Specialization requirements (for PHAS programs):
- Astro:
- https://vancouver.calendar.ubc.ca/faculties-colleges-and-schools/faculty-science/bachelor-science/astronomy
- PHYS/BIOPHYS/Other combined programs:
- https://vancouver.calendar.ubc.ca/faculties-colleges-and-schools/faculty-science/bachelor-science/physics

The calendar's search tool is not always the easiest way to find what you are looking for...

Graduating?

You must apply for graduation!

Deadline: February

See:https://students.ubc.ca/enrolment/graduation/applying-graduate and

https://science.ubc.ca/students/requirements/graduation



What happens if you run into issues?

With a Course:

- Talk to your prof.
- •If the prof can't rectify talk to an advisor or u/g chair

With the program

- •Administrative issues: talk to the u/g coordinator Shawn Salgadoe
- Advising: program advisors (Profs. Ye/Schleich/Boley/Leslie)

With life (health, finance, harassment, careers, anything...)

- https://students.ubc.ca
- Science advising
- But also talk to the person who is most likely to be of immediate help: your profs, advisors and u/g chair

New: Faculty of Science wellness hub: https://science.ubc.ca/students/wellbeing

Getting into Research

Getting into Research I

Majors students will be exposed to research topics in PHYS 348. You'll explore current research topics in depth, write reports and give presentations. Honours students often like to take this, too.

All Honours students take the PHYS 449 or ASTR 449 thesis course, working with a supervisor over the course of a year and conducting original research.



Anyone wanting to take PHYS 349 or ASTR 349 (Directed Studies = mini-thesis) should contact Prof Douglas Scott for approval (typically requires 75% accumulated average and have a research project and supervisor in mind or under discussion).

449 Thesis, 349 Mini-Thesis

Discuss your ideas/interests with potential supervisors.

Many potential supervisors: faculty members, including adjunct professors whose research is based off campus.

Supervisors don't have to be UBC PHAS affiliated at all, but you'll need a PHAS co-supervisor if supervisor non-UBC

Send email, knock on doors!

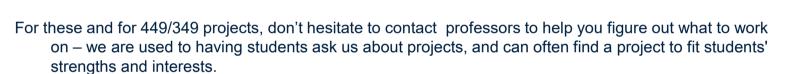
Self-motivated

- •You'll work with advisor & PHYS 449/PHYS 349 instructor as your guides/mentors.
- •You'll learn how to conduct research, write it up & give scientific presentations.
- •Your thesis project is your own work.

Getting into Research II

There are other opportunities to do research while in the department:

- •Summer NSERC USRA awards (deadline in January)
- •Co-op terms
- Direct hiring by professors





Research: Your Opportunity

Examine your interests, seek opportunities

Talk to senior undergrads about their research experiences (meet them via PHYSSOC activities or in PHYSSOC lounge)

Research happens not only in academic institutions, but also government labs, high-tech industry and private companies.

Experience in computing/programming/design is a huge asset, whether seeking a job or seeking a graduate school position.

Ditto for technical experience.

I strongly recommend trying different opportunities, both inside and outside of university setting.





Paid Work/Research Opportunities for PHAS Undergrads

-op http://www.sciencecoop.ubc.ca/ (4-,8-, or 12- month co-op jobs) Everything below page is normally valid for co-op workterms – but you must get Co-op Director approval SERC USRA (Undergrad Student Research Award) https://www.nserc-crsng.gc.ca/Students-Etudiants/UG-PC/USRA-BRPC eng.asp RIUMF Summer student program (and 4-, 8- or 12-month co-op jobs https://triumf.ca/people/undergraduate-program/ RC (National Research Council Canada https://nrc.canada.ca/en/corporate/careers/post-secondary-students AD RISE (German Research Internships in Science & Engineering https://www.daad.de/rise/en/rise-germany/ UBC is a DAAD partner BC Go Global - Research Abroad https://goglobal.ubc.ca/go-global/programs-ubc-students/research-abroad More Go Global international experiences http://students.ubc.ca/career/international-experiences BC SURE (Science Undergraduate Research Experience): https://science.ubc.ca/students/blog/research-opportunities-science-undergraduates-2024 ESTE (International Association for the Exchange of Students for Technical Experience): http://www.iaeste.org (Canadian IAESTE office: https://iaestecanada.org/) BC Work Learn International Undergraduate Research Awards https://students.ubc.ca/career/ubc-experiences/work-learn-international-undergraduate-research-awards BC Quantum Pathways (for students belonging to an underrepresented group) https://qmi.ubc.ca/programs/quantum-pathways/ stitute of Particle Physics, IPP Canada/CERN summer program https://particlephysics.ca/research-activities/undergrad-program-cern/?lang=en rimeter undergraduate programs

PSI Bridge: https://perimeterinstitute.ca/training/undergraduate-program
PSI Start Program: https://perimeterinstitute.ca/training/undergraduate-program

After Physics Astronomy at UBC